

THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

VOL. XXIV.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, APRIL 20, 1911

NO. 33

ANTIOCH VILLAGE ELECTION

One Feature of Which was the Seeming Lack of Interest On all Sides

PULLEN WINS OUT IN DRAW

Webb, Pullen, Felter, Overton, Pitman, Edgar and Brooks are the Successful Candidates.

One of the most quiet village elections held here for some time took place on Tuesday of this week, notwithstanding the fact that there were two tickets in the field, the Peoples' ticket and the Citizen's ticket, the former winning out with four of its candidates and the latter with three.

Upon counting up it was discovered that Nelson Pullen on the Peoples' ticket had tied with Chas. S. Richards on the Citizen's ticket, each having received eighty-four. To decide the winner the two candidates made a guess upon the date of a coin being odd or even and Pullen making the correct guess was declared elected.

The total number of votes cast is 162. The vote each received with the exception of a few scattering is as follows.

Peoples' Ticket	
For President	
Chase Webb	90
For Trustees	
N. Pullen	84
George Brown	74
W. H. Osmond	62
For Trustee to fill vacancy	
L. H. Felter	80
For Treasurer	
W. F. Ziegler	70
For Police Magistrate	
B. H. Overton	92

Citizens' Ticket	
For President	
W. S. Rinear	67
For Trustees	
Henry Pitman	87
Arthur Edgar	87
Chas. S. Richards	84
For Trustee to fill vacancy	
Gideon Thayer	75
For Treasurer	
Elmer Brook	87

At Lake Villa there were also two tickets in the field and in that village the keen strife which has been apparent for some time grew in intensity as election day drew near to end only with the closing of the polls.

The results are shown in the following table.

Citizens' Ticket	
For President	
F. M. Hamlin	51
For Trustees	
Paul Avery	48
Carl Miller	46
Fred T. Hamlin	51
For Village Clerk	
R. L. Murrie	52
Independent Ticket	
For President	
C. B. Dicks	36
For Trustees	
E. A. Wilton	36
Wm. Bradley	34
E. Wald	34

Left Him Pondering.
Old Friend—"Well, I'm pleased to have met your charming wife, Fred. You must be very jealous of her." Fred (confidentially)—"Well, I take care never to introduce her to any man that a sane woman could take a fancy to."—Stray Stories.

That Settled Bump.
Mr. Woggs—"I'm through with Bump. I told him we were going to name our baby after some great personage, and asked him for a suggestion." Mr. Woggs—"What did he say?" Mr. Woggs—"He said, 'Name it after ours.'"—Puck.

Where Votes Are Bartered.
"I don't know how to tell you, but I've got a few votes to barter. I'll give you one for a bottle of wine, and another for a box of soap."—Puck.

The Limit.
"He absolutely lacks the business instinct." "Does he?" "Why, he'd have no more idea of business than to open a garage in Venice."—Chicago Record-Herald.

HUGE GRAFT IS ALLEGED

Good Roads Commission Reports That Vast Sums are Wasted.

More than \$10,000,000 is being wasted—chiefly by graft—annually in Illinois by township road commissioners, according to the report of the good roads commission created by the last legislature. This committee, of which Representative George L. McConnell is chairman, submitted its report to the house.

The report contains an attack upon the township highway commissioner plan of managing public highways. More than 4,500 of these commissioners says the report, are paying themselves salaries for approximately each day of the year, for which the public receives practically no benefit whatever.

Continuing this phase of the inquiry, the report of the special commission says in part:

"From our investigation we find that there is enough taxes levied in the state of Illinois annually that, if expended in an economical, uniform and systematic manner, under the supervision of a practical head, would be sufficient to construct a system of highways, intratownship, intracounty and intrastate, making a complete network of roads and built of a character that would be a monument of the progressive character of the people of the state and add materially to the prosperity of every community.

"But so long as the present system of leaving the sole and exclusive control of the highways to local communities and their township or road district commissioners prevails the present system of petty grafting on the part of these commissioners and their satellites will continue. State's Attorney Burke of Sangamon county succeeded in disclosing one of the avenues of this grafting by means of commissions upon road machinery, and his revelations ought to be sufficient to convince the members of the general assembly that the time has come when radical measures must be taken in order that the highways in Illinois will be freed from the barnacles that have kept them in a condition 100 years behind sister states.

"Under the present system there is no means of ascertaining how many miles of roads are in the state of Illinois, where they are or what condition they are in, who are the commissioners or where they reside."

The commission recommends that the county surveyor in each county be commissioned as a superintendent of roads to act as a deputy state highway commissioner. To this purpose Representative McConnell introduced in the house this morning a bill embodying the reforms suggested by the good roads commission.

TOM GRAHAM WINS OUT FOR CHAIRMAN

Thomas Graham of Long Lake, the famous crack shot and hotel man, and one of the veteran members of the Lake County Board of Supervisors was elected chairman of the board at a meeting held in the supervisor's room in the court house Monday. He was elected by a unanimous vote, a fitting tribute to his many years service and the popularity gained throughout the county and also with his fellow board members.

On the first vote thirteen ballots were cast for Mr. Graham, and seven for T. M. Clark of Highland Park. On the second vote the ballot showed a unanimous victory for Mr. Graham. Mr. Graham has served long and faithfully on the board and his services are at last being given the reward that was their due many years ago.

After appointing the committee on credentials the supervisors adjourned until afternoon. Then the committee was given until the June term to determine whether or not the towns of Benton and Shields are entitled to assistant supervisors. After transacting several little matters of business the board adjourned until next Monday.

Roman Coins Found in England.
The process of cleaning the coins found a few weeks ago in a Roman vase in a field upon a farm at Edwinstowe, Nottinghamshire, England, shows that they comprise 369 denarii, dating from 69 to 192 A. D. Although these coins must have been buried for 17 centuries, they are in a perfect state of preservation.

Poor City to Visit.
Friend—"And were you ever in Venice?" Mr. Richquick—"Yes. Slowest town I was ever in. The sewers were busted all the time we were there."—Puck.

Herring Always in Lead.
Herrings form the greatest harvest of the ocean. More herrings are eaten than any other fish.

RESULT OF ELECTION IN CITIES AND VILLAGES OF LAKE COUNTY

Retiring Council of Waukegan Passes Ordinance Regulating Salaries of Mayor and Commissioners

BIDINGER WINS OUT FOR MAYOR

Voliva Faction Wins Mayoralty Candidate by Five Votes and Contest is Likely—Result of Election in Grays Lake, Fox Lake and Libertyville

Whether the mayor and aldermen of the outgoing council of the old plan of government should be burned in effigy, boiled in oil, or slapped on the wrist are questions that all Waukegan were asking Tuesday, following the perpetration by the council of the most monumental "joke" ever put over in any city.

The trouble is that the joke may be a serious one and the action of the council may stand unless public sentiment is brought to bear strongly enough to make the aldermen repeal the ordinance they passed.

The ordinance fixes the salary of the commission form mayor at \$1200 a year and of the four commissioners at \$900 each a year, all payable in monthly installments.

The law reads that in cities the size of Waukegan the salaries may be \$2,000 for the mayor and \$1,700 for each of the commissioners.

A great many candidates intend to give all their time to their jobs for the city when elected, which is where the rub comes in, and the cold, cold chills are chasing down the backs of some people, while the members of the city council who put over the "clever" job are telling people up and down the street about how they did it and hugging themselves in glee.

The whole thing is branded by the people as an eleventh hour attempt to wreck the commission plan of government in the city.

Attorney Clare Edwards, who is well posted on the commission form, made the following statement when interviewed:

"Receiving several inquiries as to the legality of the action of the present mayor and board of aldermen in attempting to embarrass the commission government by reducing the salaries to a point where efficiency is impossible and making the candidates who had pledged to give the city their entire time appear ridiculous, I wish to say that while I personally had a choice as to the personnel of the new officers, still regardless of who may be chosen at the polls, I wish to see the Commission government a success, and therefore beg to submit for the consideration of your readers, the following:

"Section 30 of the Commission act provides that, 'and their total and only compensation shall be the annual salaries which shall be fixed by the council, and which shall not exceed as follows, to wit: Where the population is over 15,000 and not over 20,000 the annual salary of the mayor may be \$2,000 and of each Commissioner \$1,700."

"The commission law also provides in other sections that the council 'shall fix the salaries of all city employees,' shall pass all ordinances, shall print each month in pamphlet form a detailed itemized statement, shall cause full and complete examination of all books and accounts to be made annually by competent authorities and in which prescribe the duties and powers of the council.

It is clearly the intention of this state that the council, meaning of course, the council under the Commission form of government shall have the powers hereinbefore enumerated, and not the old council consisting of the mayor and aldermen.

"Without passing on the constitutionality of the Commission Act which is a question for the courts, it is plainly the duty of the officers elected Tuesday to fix their own salaries within the limits prescribed by this Act and to pay no attention to the attempt made Monday evening to lower the salaries,

as this in no wise conflicts with section 11, Article 9 of the constitution of the State of Illinois, which is as follows: The fees, salary or compensation of no municipal officer who is elected or appointed for a definite term of office shall be increased or diminished during such term.

The Commission Council by fixing their salaries as prescribed by the Commission act, does not violate this section and therefore, I am of the opinion the Commission Council have the power to fix their own salaries." The following vote was cast

For Mayor	
J. F. Bidinger	1854
For Commissioners	
Deitmeyer	1770
Atterbery	1710
Orvis	1359
Diver	1258
McDermott	1198
Whyte	1094
Russell	1078
Hoban	997

Zion City

By the slim majority of five votes Overseer Wilbur Glenn Voliva has regained control of the city administration of Zion City by re-electing W. H. Clendinen mayor of the city, and electing three out of five aldermen to the city council, and tying his man for city clerk. He lost the city attorney and the city treasurer, but it was the mayoralty candidate which he sought to control and he has won. The vote cast is given below.

Independent Ticket	
For Mayor	
James A. Goudie	460
For City Attorney	
V. V. Barnes	458
For City Treasurer	
William Emmel	458
For City Clerk	
E. R. Christianson	457
For Aldermen	
W. F. Miller	459
F. L. Norris	457
Arthur Stevens	458
J. P. Oberdorf	456
R. F. Krause	457

Theocratic Ticket	
For Mayor	
W. Hurd Clendinen	465
For City Attorney	
Theodore Forby	457
For City Treasurer	
William J. Bull	457
For City Clerk	
L. A. Rossman	475
For Aldermen	
Louis P. Beckendorf	456
A. S. Burgess	456
N. T. Kessler	458
W. J. Friend	458
J. D. Thomas	458

Fox Lake

At Fox Lake the usual lively contest was indulged in and, as in Antioch a tie vote was recorded. The Independent ticket headed by Brown was elected from top to bottom. Mr. Brown is at present serving his third term as village president and is known as one of the most popular village officials in the county. Following is the vote cast.

Independent Ticket	
For President	
John T. Brown	102
For Trustees	
William Herbert	70
William Jackson	76
John Dailey	64
For Police Magistrate	
George N. Pasteloup	97

(Continued on eighth page)

LOCAL OPTION SETTLED

Measure Gains Nothing Neither Does it Lose: Drys Still Confident.

Local option as an issue has ceased to vex the members of the Forty-Seventh general assembly, having made its formal exit in the same manner as predicted several months ago—without any change being made in the existing law.

Although the advocates of the county option admit their inability to secure the legislation they desire at the present session, their demeanor indicates they are not down hearted, but are ready to take up the fight for control of the next general assembly, with the hope of better success at that time. The liquor forces on the other hand, are well pleased with the outcome of the struggle and are predicting that their opponents never again will be able to muster the strength that they showed last week, when sixty-three votes were cast for the county option law—only fourteen short of the constitutional majority required.

The equal division between the "wets" and "drys" was apparent when immediately after the county option bill was lost, the "wets" called out their bill eliminating the township feature from the present law and it received only sixty-four votes, which is just one more vote than was cast by the other crowd for the county option bill. The balance of power in both instances was held by the fifteen conservatives who voted against any change in the present law. The fifteen included Crangle, Democrat; Smiley, independent; and thirteen republicans as follows: Catlin, Church, Collier, Coolley, Covey, Dudgeon, Holaday, Judah, Kinsella, Leavitt, Pierson, Shaver and Swanson.

MRS. HERMAN DIES FROM EFFECTS OF SEVERE BURNS

Mrs. Barbara Herman of Grass Lake died from the effects of severe burns, on Monday morning at the Elgin State Hospital for the insane, where she was taken on Tuesday of last week.

At the trial last Tuesday it developed that her particular mania was setting fire to houses belonging to her husband, Andrew Herman. Herman owns the hotel property known as the Hunter's Home and it was this place that she attempted to burn the day preceding her commitment.

It had been generally believed for some time that the deceased was afflicted with a derangement of the mind but she was not considered dangerous until a short time ago when she developed a mania for starting fires, receiving in her last attempt severe burns which a week later resulted in her death although every means was employed to save her life.

The deceased was about seventy years of age and had been married to Mr. Herman about six years.

The first notification that relatives here had of her demise was when they read of it in the daily papers, but it later developed that the hospital authorities had communicated with Mrs. Herman's daughter who resides in Chicago and who later telephoned the message to the family here. The daughter took charge of all arrangements and removed the body to Chicago where the funeral was held and the burial took place.

EASTER EXERCISES EXCEPTIONALLY WELL RENDERED

One of the best Easter Day services that has ever been held in Antioch was that in the M. E. church last Sunday, both in the morning and evening.

The church was tastefully decorated for the occasion and although every available inch of room was utilized, chairs lining the vestibules and aisles, the building barely accommodated the audience.

In the morning special music by the young peoples chorus was one of the features of the program. Dr. W. O. Shepard delivered a very able address which was thoroughly appreciated. Following this came the baptismal service, nine young people being baptized by Rev. A. O. Stixrud, assisted by Dr. Shepherd, and at its close thirty probationers were taken into the church in full communion.

Special music had also been prepared for the evening service, as had also a number of recitations, etc., and in the minds of many this service surpassed even that of the morning.

Legal Compliment.
"Yes, a young Coke handled the case magnificently. He proved beyond the possibility of a doubt that the accused man wasn't guilty." "But he was guilty, of course."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

TWO BOYS DROWN

When Their Canoe Capsizes Quarter Mile off Shore on Lake Michigan

LOSES LIFE IN AID OF CHUM

Alexander Doty and Osborn Darby, 16 and 18 Years of Age, of Highland Park, Drowned Sunday

Alexander Doty, 16 years old, son of Alderman A. A. Doty of Highland Park lost his life Sunday trying to save a boy friend with whom he had gone hunting on Lake Michigan.

Their canoe capsized about a quarter mile from shore and Doty's companion, Osborn Darby, 18 years old, was unable to reach it after being thrown into the water.

Doty managed to right the boat and crawl into it, only to find Darby about thirty feet away. Without hesitation he jumped into the water and swam to his friend. Both went down, numbed by the cold, while Doty was trying to return to the boat.

The accident was witnessed by Edwin McCauley, 14 years old, son of Captain McCauley of Highland Park, through a pair of field glasses. The boy was on a bluff hunting bird's nests and using the glasses. Turning them by chance on the lake he saw the canoe in which Doty was standing and Darby in the water. The next moment he saw the boy leap into the water and then witnessed the result of Doty's heroism.

McCauley ran to the nearest house and gave the alarm and within a few minutes a crowd of men had collected on the beach and an attempt was made to rescue. Before the rescuers reached the spot where the boys had gone down, however, they had disappeared.

The parents of Doty left here for Detroit on Saturday and were notified of the accident by friends. Young Darby lived with his father, who is an official of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad company, in Highland Park. His mother and a sister are visiting in California, their summer home in Ravina being closed.

Both boys were students at the Deerfield high school, Doty being athletic instructor there. Doty was known as a "water rat" in Highland Park because of the fact that from early childhood he had been trained by his father to swim and was an adept. It is believed that had he been alone he could have saved himself without difficulty, although on examination of the canoe it was found that the boys had lost their paddle.

TWO LADIES ELECTED ON SCHOOL BOARD

Saturday last being the time for the election of school directors, a number of the ladies of Antioch took the matter into their own hands with the avowed intention of electing one of their own sex to fill the position. The term of Wm. Tiffany having expired and J. C. James having resigned there were two directors, one for full term and one for an unexpired term of two years to be elected.

When it became known that the ladies aspired to place one of their own number in the field for the full term, the gentlemen agreed not to put up a candidate and thus left both places for the ladies, Mrs. J. H. Goodrich running for the former and Mrs. Louise Huber for the latter. Although there was no opposition to this ticket the ladies did a considerable amount of hustling and a total of forty-three votes were cast, the ladies each receiving thirty-eight, Walter Taylor five and W. R. Williams two.

Sincerest Form of Flattery.
"Mrs. Huffington refuses to speak to that cloak model," said one young woman. "Yes," replied the other. "But she tries her best to look like her."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Notice to Horse Owners
Having had years of experience I will be on the road castrating colts as usual. All communications will be promptly attended to. John McGuire, Antioch, Ill.

ANTIOCH NEWS

A. B. JOHNSON, Publisher

ANTIOCH ILLINOIS

When a Man Marries

By
MARY ROBERTS RINEHART
Author of *The Circular Staircase*,
The Man in Lower Ten, Etc.

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SYNOPSIS.

James Wilson or Jimmy as he is called by his friends, Jimmy was round and looked shorter than he really was. His ambition in life was to be taken seriously, but people steadily refused to do so, his art is considered a huge joke, except to himself. If he asked people to dinner everyone expected a frolic. Jimmy marries Bella Knowles; they live together a year and are divorced. Jimmy's friends arrange to celebrate the first anniversary of his divorce. The party is in full swing when Jimmy receives a telegram from his Aunt Selma, who will arrive in four hours to visit him and his wife. He neglects to tell her of his divorce. Jimmy takes Kit into his confidence, he tries to devise some way so that his aunt will not learn that he has no longer a wife. He suggests that Kit play the hostess for one night, he Mrs. Wilson pretends. Aunt Selma arrives and the deception works out as planned. Jim's Jap servant is taken ill. Bella, Jimmy's divorced wife, enters the house and asks Kit who is being taken away in the ambulance. Bella insists it is Jim. Kit tells her Jim is well and is in the house. Harbison steps out on the porch and discovers a man tacking a card on the door. He demands an explanation. The man points to the placard and Harbison sees the word "Smallpox" printed on it. He tells him the guests cannot leave the house until the quarantine is lifted. The guests suddenly realize their predicament, the women shed tears, the men consider it a good joke. The all important question arises as to who is to prepare the meals and perform the other household duties. Harbison finally solves the matter. After the lifting of the quarantine several letters are found in the mail box undelivered, one is addressed to Henry Llewellyn, Liqueur, Chile, which is written by Harbison. He describes minutely of their incarceration. Also of his infatuation for Mrs. Wilson. Aunt Selma is taken ill with la grippe. Betty acts as nurse. Harbison finds Kit sulking on the roof. She tells him that Jim has been treating her outrageously. Harbison fully believing that she is Mrs. Wilson, tells her that she doesn't mean the things she is saying about her husband. Kit starts downstairs, when suddenly she is grasped in the arms of a man who kisses her several times. She believes that Harbison did it and is humiliated.

CHAPTER X. (Continued.)

"Betty is making no end of a row," Max said, looking up from his game, "because the old lady upstairs insists on chloroform liniment. Betty says the smell makes her ill."

"And she can inhale Russian cigarettes," Anne said enviously, "and gasoline fumes, without turning a hair. I call a revoke, Dal: You trumped spades on the second round."

Dal lung over three tricks with very bad grace, and Anne counted them with maddening deliberation.

"Game and rubber," she said. "Watch Dal, Max; he will cheat in the score if he can. Kit, don't have another clam while I am in this house. I have eaten so many lately my waist rises and falls with the tide."

"You have a stunning color, Kit," Lollie said. "You are really quite superb. Who made that gown?"

"Where have you been hiding, du kline?" Max whispered, under cover of showing me the evening paper, with a photograph of the house and a cross at the cellar window where we had tried to escape. "If one day in the house with you, Kit, put me in this condition, what will a month do?"

From beyond the curtain of a sort of alcove, lighted with a red-shaded lamp, came a hum of conversation, Bella's cool, even tones and a heavy masculine voice. They were laughing; I could feel my chin go up. He was not even hiding his shame.

"Max," I asked, while the others clamored for him and the game, "has any one been up through the house since dinner? Any of the men?"

"He looked at me curiously," "Only Harbison," he replied promptly. "Jim has been eating his heart out in the den ever since dinner; Dal played the 'Sonata Appassionata' backward on the piano; he wanted to put through one of Anne's lingerie waists, on a wager that it would play a tune; I played craps with Lollie, and Flannigan has been washing dishes. Why?"

Well, that was conclusive, anyhow. I had had a faint hope that it might have been a joke, although it had borne all the evidences of sincerity, certainly. But it was past doubting now; he had lain in wait for me at the landing, and had kissed me, me, when he thought I was Jimmy's wife. Oh, I must have been very light, very contemptible, if that was what he thought of me!

I went into the library and got a book, but it was impossible to read, with Jimmy lying on the couch giving vent to something between a sigh and a groan every few minutes. About 11 the cards stopped, and Bella said she would read palms. She began with Mr. Harbison, because she declared he had a wonderful hand, full of possibilities. She said he should have been a great inventor or a playwright, and that his attitude to women was one of homage, respect, almost reverence. He had the courage to look at me, and if a glance could have

killed he would have withered away. When Jimmy proffered his hand, she looked at it felly. Of course, she could not refuse, with Mr. Harbison looking on.

"Rather negative," she said coldly. "The lines are obscured by cushions of flesh; no heart line at all, mentality small, self-indulgence and irritability very marked."

Jim held his palm up to the light and stared at it.

"Gad!" he said. "Hardly safe for me to go around without gloves, is it?"

It was all well enough for Jim to laugh, but he was horribly hurt. He stood around for a few minutes, talking to Anne, but as soon as he could he slid away and went to bed. He looked very badly the next morning, as though he had not slept, and his clothes quite hung on him. He was actually thinner. But that is ahead of the story.

Max came to me while the others were sitting around drinking night-caps and asked me in a low tone if he could see me in the den: He wanted to ask me something. Dal overheard. "Ask her here," he said. "We all know what it is, Max. Go ahead and we'll coach you."

"Will you coach me?" I asked, for Mr. Harbison was listening.

"The woman does not need it," Dal retorted. And then, because, Max looked angry enough really to propose to me right there, I got up hastily and went into the den. Max followed, and closing the door, stood with his back against it.

"Contrary to the general belief, Kit," he began, "I did not intend to ask you to marry me."

I breathed easier. He took a couple of steps toward me and stood with his arms folded, looking down at me.

"I'm not at all sure, in fact, that I shall ever propose to you," he went on unhesitatingly.

"You have already done it twice. You are not going to take those back, are you, Max?" I asked, looking up at him.

But Max was not to be cajoled. He came close and stood with his hand on the back of my chair. "What happened on the roof tonight?" he demanded hoarsely.

"I do not think it would interest you," I retorted, coloring in spite of myself.

"Not interest me! I am shut in this blasted house; I have to see the only woman I ever loved—really loved," he supplemented, as he caught my eye, "pretend she is another man's wife. Then I sit back and watch her using every art—all her beauty—to make still another man love her, a man



"Don't—Let—Her—In—this—Room—Again."

who thinks she is a married woman. If Harbison were worth the trouble, I would tell him the whole story, Aunt Selma be—obliterated!"

I sat up suddenly.

"If Harbison were worth the trouble!" I repeated. What did he mean? Had he seen—

"I mean just this," Max said slowly. "There is only one unaccertained member of this household: Only one person, save Flannigan, who was locked in the furnace room, one person who was awake and around the house when Anne's jewels went, only one person in the house, also, who would have any motive for the theft."

"Motive?" I asked dully.

"Poverty," Max threw at me. "Oh, I mean comparative poverty, of course. Who is this fellow, anyhow? Dal knew him at school, traveled with him through India. On the strength of that he brings him here, quarters him with decent people, and wonders when they are systematically robbed!"

"You are unjust!" I said, rising and facing him. "I do not like Mr. Harbison—I hate him, if you want to know. But as to his being a thief, I—think it quite as likely that you took the necklace."

Max threw his cigarette into the fire angrily.

"So that is how it is!" he mocked. "If either of us is the thief, it is I! You do hate him, don't you?"

I left him there, flushed with irritation, and joined the others. Just as I entered the room, Betty burst through the hall door like a cyclone, and collapsed into a chair. "She's a mean, cantankerous old woman!" she declared, feeling for her handkerchief. "You can take care of your own Aunt Selma, Jim Wilson. I will never go near her again!"

"What did you do? Poison her?" Dallas asked with interest.

"—Got camphor in her eyes," sniffed Betty. "You never—heard such a noise. I wouldn't be a trained nurse for anything in the world. She—she called me a hussy!"

"You're not going to give her up, are you, Betty?" Jim asked imploringly. But Betty was, and said so plainly.

"Anyhow, she won't have me back,"

she finished, "and she has sent for—guess!"

"Have mercy!" Dal cried, dropping to his knees. "Oh, fair ministering angel, she has not sent for me!"

"No," Betty said maliciously. "She wants Bella—she's crazy about her."

CHAPTER XI.

I Make a Discovery.

Really, I have left Aunt Selma rather out of it, but she was important as a cause, not as a result; at least at first. She came out strong later. I believe she was a very nice old woman, with strong likes and prejudices, which she was perfectly willing to pay for. At least, I only presume she had likes; I know she had prejudices.

Nobody ever understood why Bella consented to take Betty's place with Aunt Selma. As for me, I was too much engrossed with my own affairs to pay the invalid much attention. Once or twice during the day I had stopped in to see her, and had been received frigidly and with marked disapproval. I was in disgrace, of course, after the scene in the dining room the night before. I had stood like a naughty child, just inside the door, and replied meekly when she said the pillows were overstuffed, and why didn't I have the linen slips rinsed in starch water? She laid the blame of her illness on me, as I have said before, and she made Jim read to her in the afternoon from a book she carried with her, "Coals of Fire on the Domestic Hearth," marking places for me to read.

I sent for me that night, just as I had taken off my gown; so I threw on a dressing gown and went in. To my horror, Jim was already there. At a gesture from Aunt Selma, he closed the door into the hall and tiptoed back beside the bed, where he sat staring at the figures on the silk comfort.

Aunt Selma's first words were: "Where's that fliberty-gibbet?" Jim looked at me.

"She must mean Betty," I explained. "She has gone to bed, I think."

"Don't—let—her—in—this—room—again," she said, with awful emphasis. "She is an infamous creature."

"Oh, come now, Aunt Selma," Jim broke in; "she's foolish, perhaps, but she's a nice little thing." Aunt Selma's face was a curious study. Then she raised herself on her elbow, and taking a flat camoels-skin bag from under her pillow, held it out.

"My cameo brooch," she said solemnly; "my cuffbuttons with gold rims and storks painted on china in the middle; my watch, that has put me to bed and got me up for forty years, and my money—\$510.40!—taken with the doors locked under my nose." Which was ambiguous, but forcible.

"But, good gracious, Miss Car—Aunt Selma!" I exclaimed, "you don't think Betty Mercer took those things?"

"No," she said grimly; "I think I probably got up in my sleep and lighted the fire with them, or sent 'em out for a walk." Then she stuffed the bag away and sat up resolutely in bed.

"Have you made up?" she demanded, looking from one to the other of us. "Bella, don't tell me you still persist in that nonsense."

"What nonsense?" I asked, getting ready to run.

"That you do not love him."

"Him?"

"James," she snapped irritably. "Do you suppose I mean the policeman?" I looked over at Jimmy. She had got me by the hand, and Jimmy was making frantic gestures to tell her the whole thing and be done with it. But I had gone too far. The mill of the gods had crushed me already, and I didn't propose to be drawn out hideously mangled and held up as an example for the next two or three weeks, although it was clear enough that Aunt Selma disapproved of me thoroughly, and would have been glad enough to find that no tie save the board of health held us together. And then Bella came in, and you wouldn't have known her. She had put on a straight white woolen wrapper, and she had her hair in two long braids down her back. She looked like a nice wide-eyed little girl in her teens, and she had some lobster salad and a glass of port on a tray. When she saw the situation she put the things down and had the nastiness to stay and listen.

"I'm not blind," Aunt Selma said, with one eye on the tray. "You two silly children adore each other; I saw some things last night."

Bella took a step forward; then she stopped and shrugged her shoulders. Jim was purple.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Alone.

"What we must do," thundered the politician, walking rapidly down the street beside his bored acquaintance, "what we Englishmen must do is to put our foot down firmly on these foreign imports." And to show that he could practise as well as preach, at that moment he put his foot down on the skin of an imported banana; and his friend walked on alone.—London Globe.

Hardly Complimentary.

A widow not 100 miles from Bishop Auckland had been in the habit of giving any old boots she had to spare to a customer for his wife. Not having had any for some time, he called and asked the widow if she had any boots, adding: "Ye see, my missus has such greet, lang, ugly, splatthering feet, that Aw canna get a pair to fit her only yours, an' she saw weer them comfortable."—Exchange.

Alas, No.

Fig—You should pay as you go.

Fogg—My landlady won't let me.

SEA'S BURIED GOLD

LURE OF LOST TREASURE HUNTING NOT ALL FICTION.

Millions Hidden Under Ocean—Some Has Been Recovered, but Much Remains to Be Found—Case of John Phipps.

Boston.—Not all the tales of vast treasures buried deep under the sea are evolved in the minds of novelists. Robert Louis Stevenson and a dozen other writers have made such stories famous, but there have been men, real men, who have profited by secrets of buried gold, real gold. In fact, some of the real stories of lost and recovered treasure can give points to romance and beat it with ease.

The successful adventures of John Phipps are a case in point. Phipps, who had been a ship's carpenter, towards the end of the seventeenth century, spent years trying to convince various peers that there lay a vast Spanish treasure under the sea off Hispaniola. At last, the Duke of Albemarle lent him a ship, with the result that, after a year of adventure Phipps returned to England, bringing with him recovered treasure worth \$1,000,000.

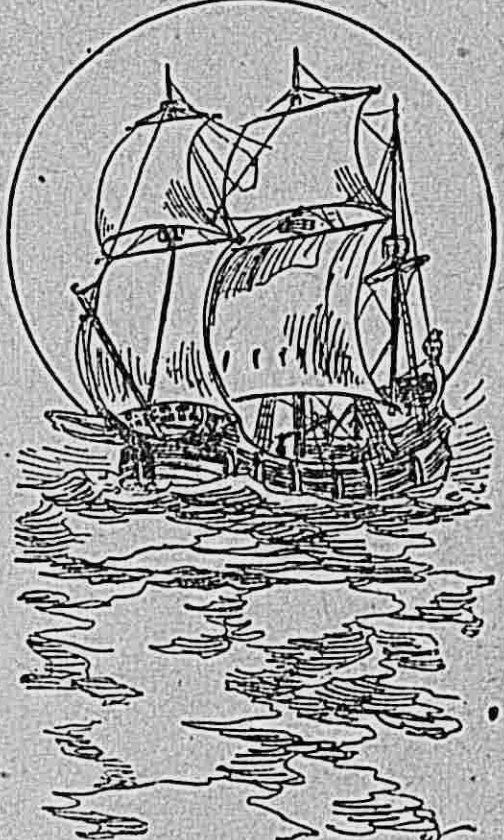
Phipps' welcome when he returned to England with this freight resulted, through the influence of the Duke of Albemarle, who shared his treasure, in knighthood and an appointment as governor of Massachusetts.

Ever since the time of Phipps, the search for gold has gone on. However, although centuries have passed, many a million still lies on the bottom of the ocean, and it may continue there centuries longer.

Perhaps the most valuable sunken treasure in the world is now lying at the bottom of Vigo bay. The Spanish, in 1702, to avoid capture, scuttled their largest ships laden with treasure, the harvest of four years' looting in Mexico. The treasure, in gold, silver and precious stones, is estimated to be worth \$10,000,000.

On one of the islands of the Leeward group in the West Indies, either Marie Galanti or Descada La Fitte, a French pirate of 100 years ago, buried gold and specie to the value of \$1,000,000.

Among the other treasures of the ocean is the wreck of the Black



Laden With Treasure.

Prince, which lies at the bottom of the sea off Sevastopol. The Black Prince was dispatched to Sevastopol with a general cargo for the army and \$500,000 as service pay. It was sunk the day of its arrival by Russian gun fire, and went down with its cargo and treasure, none of which has ever been recovered. Another English vessel containing a large amount in specie is the East Indianman Grosvenor, now lying under water off St. John's, Cape Colony.

As an amusing instance of the way in which lost treasure can grow by rumor, Captain Kidd's hoard is instructive. When Kidd was hanged in London in May, 1701, a shipmate of Kidd's said that the captain had hidden about \$1,500 worth of plate and coin, which he had not been able to recover. From this small beginning sprang the innumerable stories of Captain Kidd's hoards, the last of which placed the amount at \$5,000,000.

Find \$1,250,000 In Old House.

London.—Treasure trove to the value of \$1,250,000 is reported from Jersey, where it was uncovered by Athelstan Riley while he was pulling down the ruins of an old manor house built in the thirteenth century with the object of using the stone to enlarge his present manor.

The discovery includes ancient urns filled with spade guineas bearing the British arms on a spade-shaped shield. One urn bears the monogram of Emperor Vespasian, the Roman who flourished in the first century.

Bay Travels 10,000 Miles.

Atchison, Kan.—Howard, son of Major and Mrs. Horace D. Bloombergh, who arrived in Atchison with his mother the other day, since his birth, seven weeks ago, has traveled ten thousand miles. He came from Manila to San Francisco on an army transport. He is believed to be the greatest traveled baby of his age in the United States.

AMERICANS ARE HIT

SEVEN RESIDENTS OF DOUGLAS, ARIZ., WOUNDED BY MEXICAN BULLETS.

REBELS ARE AGAIN VICTORS

Diaz' Troops Lose Heavily In Fight With Insurrectos at Agua Prieta —Mayor Protests to Taft.

Douglas, Ariz.—After an all-day battle, the most terrific conflict that has thus far marked the Mexican revolution, victory crowns the arms of the 1,000 rebels defending the border town of Agua Prieta.

The desperate effort of the 1,600 Mexican national troops under Lieutenant Colonel Diaz to retake the city has failed and the federals have suffered heavy losses in killed and wounded. So far as Douglas was concerned President Taft's demand that hostilities be conducted in a zone insuring safety to the Americans was utterly disregarded.

Throughout the battle bullets rained incessantly in the streets and riddled the houses of this little Arizona town. The only reliable data of casualties that can be obtained on the American side of the line were seven American men and women have been wounded, most of them while going about their business many blocks north of the supposed border line. The wounded in Douglas are being cared for at Red Cross hospitals, established for Mexican wounded.

A protest has been wired to President Taft, by Mayor McGuire as follows: "Six persons have been shot in Douglas during battle between Mexican federals and insurrectos. Battle still raging. Worst yet to come. Bullets falling all over city. Cannot something be done for our population? Signed, S. F. McGuire, mayor of Douglas."

Simultaneously with this protest, Lieut. Col. William A. Shunk, commanding the United States troops here, wired a list of known to be wounded in this city. Public sentiment is rapidly reaching the danger point, and one newspaper has openly called for intervention in Mexico.

From four o'clock in the afternoon until late in the night it was not safe on any street in Douglas for people, mauser bullets striking residences, business blocks, smelters, railroad shops and cars and cutting wires and ricocheting from telegraph and telephone poles. And military authorities here say the worst is yet to come. Instead of fighting the battle in the desert as they proposed the rebels entrenched in and around Agua Prieta in such fashion as to make hopeless Douglas immune from bullets, and the federal army instead of attacking from the east or west as has been promised advanced from the southwest, which placed Douglas much in the same situation as the background of a target.

American troops did everything possible to protect the unfortunate Douglas residents. Spectators were driven back from the boundary line a distance of six blocks, but notwithstanding all their efforts several persons were wounded. The inhabitants of Douglas, despite the obvious danger, were not to be denied the spectacle of battle. They crowded the roofs in vast throngs and darkened every point of vantage throughout the long hours of conflict.

That more were not wounded is surprising, but that any were wounded at all leaves Washington with a grave problem to face. So far as can be determined when dusk stopped the fighting the rebel loss was trifling, consisting of several score wounded and about 20 dead, while the federal losses are estimated at more than 200.

In all particulars the battle was a thrilling and dramatic novelty in this war of outposts. It began with the first rays of dawn and continued at intervals throughout the day, marked by ferocious and determined battling on both sides and by a quality of valor not expected or hitherto displayed in this desultory internal war. The positions of the rebels throughout was that of the defensive. Protected by intrenchments they exacted a bitter price from the federal forces instead of an ineffective clash, usually climaxed by hurried retreat. The fight was a standup battle on the side of the federals, suggestive of the old shoulder to shoulder days of the American rebellion. In an open stretch of desert, little like a theater, by the blinding days of an April sun, the two forces exchanged a perpetual fusillade, hour after hour, that marked up a conflict of exceptional ferocity and determination. Throughout the night the Mexican troops had been encamped at Sulphur Springs, a water hole five miles south of Agua Prieta. Under command of Lieut. Col. Porfirio Diaz, cousin of the president himself, the troops had vowed to revenge the descent of "Red" Lopez and his command on Agua Prieta.

Deputy Sheriff Dies In Accident.

Springfield, Ill.—Charles Groves of Carlinville, deputy sheriff of Macoupin county, was shot and killed in this city. Groves was alighting from his buggy when his revolver fell from his pocket and was discharged, the bullet entering the abdomen.

Senate Confirms Fisher.

Washington.—The senate confirmed the appointment of Walter L. Fisher of Chicago as secretary of the interior. The confirmation was made without opposition.

THE HAIR WILL SUFFER

Unless the Right Remedy Is Used.

Eczema of the scalp is one of the most annoying forms of this widespread disease. The sure cure for it is Resinol ointment. A child whose head was so encrusted that the hair was almost obliterated was practically cured in eight days. The scalp was washed with Resinol soap and then Resinol ointment was applied. Resinol stops itching instantly. It cures eczema on any surface of the body. Every form of eruptive skin disease yields to Resinol ointment. It cures ringworm, barber's itch, psoriasis, tetter, herpes, erythema, scald head and other irritating and eruptive skin diseases. As a dressing for burns and scalds Resinol is unequalled. A Resinol soap shampoo will stop dandruff and used with Resinol ointment always facilitates the cure. Resinol ointment is put up in opal jars in two sizes, fifty cents and a dollar. At all druggists. Resinol Chemical Co., Baltimore, Md.

WISE, ALL RIGHT.



Mr. Wise—Where's the man that struck my wife—who is he? Bystander—What'll you do if you find him?

Mr. Wise—Introduce him to my mother-in-law.

THE ALARMING PREVALENCE OF ECZEMA

Finds Victims Among Every Race, Age and Condition.

Of all the diseases of the skin and scalp which torture and disfigure mankind, three-fourths are eczematous. Millions are born with eczema, and it is the only thing other millions have left when they die. Neglect in infancy and childhood, irritating conditions affecting the skin, ignorance of its real nature, improper remedies and many other causes that might be mentioned have created an eczema which, with varying severity, has afflicted countless numbers during their entire lives. Eczema is a skin disease. It is not regarded as hereditary, nor contagious, and is impartially distributed among the rich and poor, the high and low. The agonizing itching and burning of the skin, causing loss of sleep, is usually the most distressing symptom and is caused by the bursting of little vesicles filled with an acid fluid, which burns as with fire the denuded skin. New vesicles form, fill and burst, scales form upon scales, and crusts upon crusts until disfigurement is added to torture.

One of the most successful treatments for eczema, whether applied to the youngest infant or the oldest person, is hot baths with Cuticura Soap and gentle anointments of Cuticura ointment. For more than a generation, these pure, sweet and gentle emollients have proved the most efficient agents in the speedy and permanent relief of all forms of eczemas, rashes, itchings and irritations of the skin and scalp. Although Cuticura soap and ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, in order that those who have suffered long and hopelessly and who have lost faith in everything may make trial of them without charge, a liberal sample of each will be mailed free to any address, together with a 32-page pamphlet, giving a description and treatment of the various forms of eczema, as well as other affections of the skin, scalp, hair and hands—send to "Cuticura," Dept. W, Boston.

Bird Jekyll and Hyde.

The catbird is our northern mocking bird. When love attunes its voice, it can warble as sweetly as the nightingale. You must catch it in one of its melting moods if you would know the charm of its liquid notes. It is not at all beautiful—no more is the mocking bird—only a gray-brown, perky, restless thing, of lesser size than the robin, with the soul of song in it.

The wonder of the catbird lies, of course, in this, its dual nature. At one time it hops about screeching complaints against the circumambient air; at another there throbs out from its delicate throat the essence of a divine melody.—Philadelphia Press.

His Destiny.

"I wish Willie had been born a girl!"

"Why?"

"Oh, he is such a cry baby! I wish I could do something to stop his snivelling at everything that comes up."

"To stop it? Encourage it, you mean! Nature evidently intended that boy for a United States senator."

Of Course.

"Why are hotel bellboys called 'Butttons'?"

"Because they're always off when you need 'em most."

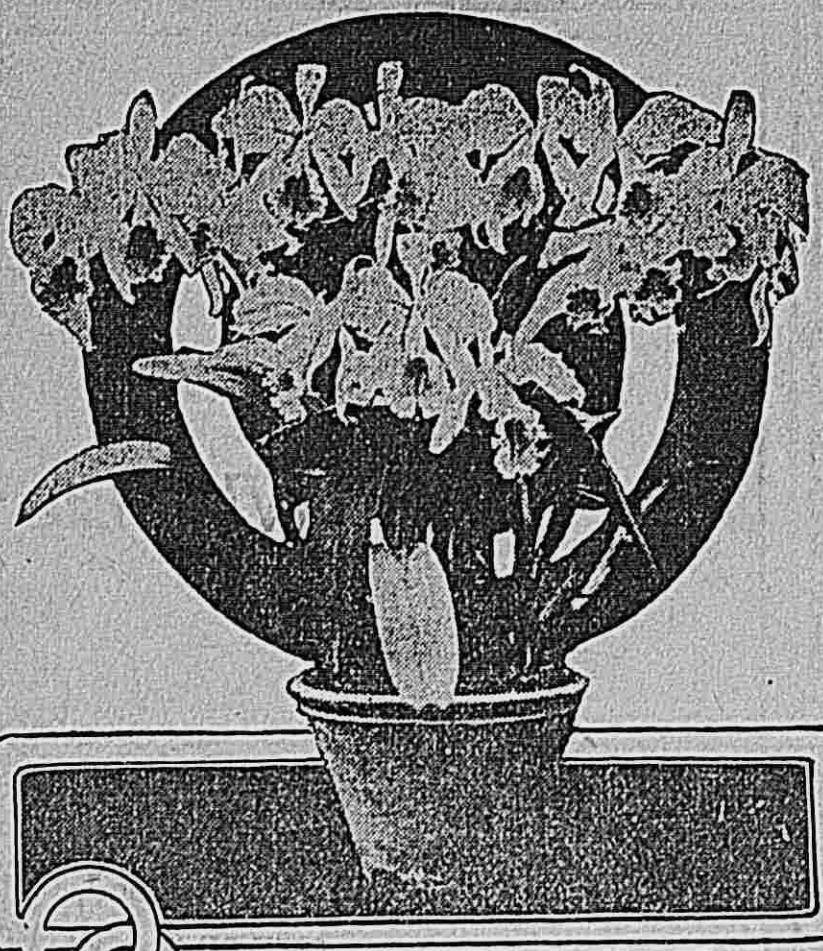
Raising the Rarest of Flowers—Orchids

ORCHIDS are not only the rarest of flowers, but they are among the rarest of all the products of nature. To find and bring back to civilization the choicest of these petaled trophies, "orchid hunters" are all the while braving in tropical jungles dangers and hardships as great as confront any present day soldier of fortune. Similarly there is about the whole family of orchids an atmosphere of mystery such as no longer obtains in the case of any other of nature's standard trinkets—not even in the case of the diamond.

No wonder, then, that as these facts have become more generally known and as the peculiar history and characteristics of the orchids have become common knowledge there have swept in upon us a great wave of sentiment in behalf of the orchid—an almost universal feminine longing to possess and wear these strange flowers with their peculiar tints, soft velvety petals that look so artificial that more imitations of the orchid pass muster than of any other flower, and their subtle fascination. There is no question, too, that the



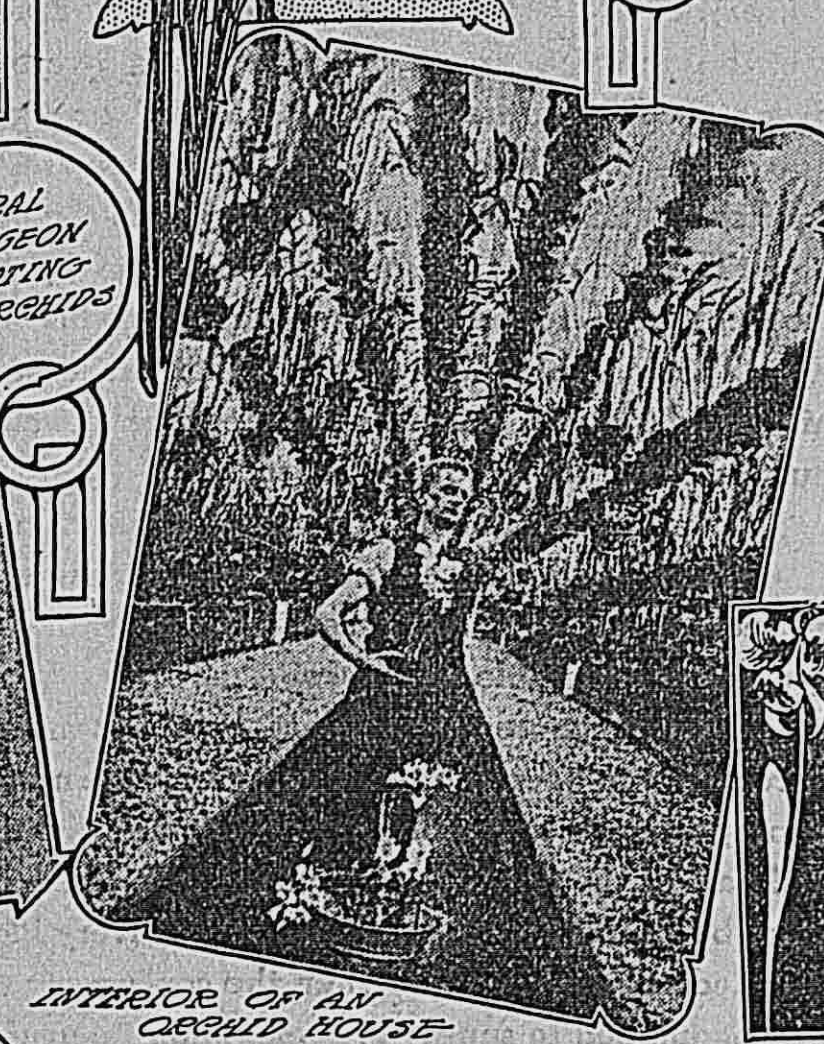
FLORAL SURGEON TREATING ORCHIDS



ORCHIDS—THE RAREST AND MOST BEAUTIFUL OF FLOWERS



EXTERIOR OF A SPECIAL ORCHID HOUSE



INTERIOR OF AN ORCHID HOUSE

secret of the fascination of these wonderful flowers is not by any means explained by the mere fact that they are so expensive, which has so often been advanced in explanation of why so many people are eager for these flowers.

No more than half a century ago the whole orchid family was virtually undiscovered. Only a few varieties were known, and they were by no means in general cultivation. Now there is a mad quest in all quarters of the globe for these fashionable flowers. The uttermost parts of the earth are being ransacked for new varieties, under the spur of the enormous prices which collectors will pay for rare "finds" and expensive greenhouses have been installed to permit the cultivation of the more delicate members of the orchid family under the same conditions as to light and temperature which obtain in its ancestral home in the tropics.

The orchids in their native haunts are found growing in all sorts of strange ways, and naturally when they are transplanted they are hard plants to grow. Moreover, there are no rules for the cultivation of orchids. In other branches of the floral kingdom all the members of a given floral family may be expected to yield to the same general method of cultivation, varied only in minor detail to permit adaptation to the needs of each member of the family. Not so with the eccentric orchids, however. Every plant is seemingly a law unto itself, and likely to require methods of cultivation distinct in themselves, and perhaps the exact opposite of those which obtain in the case of other members of this fascinating family.

The rarest of the orchids, and, of course, the ones most sought and the ones which command the highest prices, do not grow after the fashion of the general community of self-respecting plants which bury their roots in the soil. Instead these orchids are, in effect, parasites, fastening themselves to tree trunks or tree limbs. It is these species which have their native home deep in the jungles of the tropics and the hotter and damper the atmosphere of these unhealthy tropical forests—for instance, those of Brazil—the more the orchids seem to thrive. Now when the descendants of such tropical captives are to be



THE ARISTOCRATS OF THE FLOWERDOM

nurtured and cultivated in the civilized environment of the temperate zone, it goes without saying that it is no easy task to duplicate the conditions which produced the species. To do so at all necessitates the construction of the special greenhouses above mentioned, with varied equipment, including a steam heating plant big enough to heat buildings many times the size of these greenhouses.

The lure of rich reward attracts many daring and resourceful men to the orchid business, although as may be surmised, the rich prizes of gold come to the men who discover, or at least the men who bring back to civilization heretofore unknown varieties of this numerous family. The leading firms engaged in the orchid trade retain at large salaries men of wide experience whose sole occupation is to trail the orchid in the almost inaccessible haunts where there is ever the magnet of possible unheard of varieties to beckon one forward.

Sometimes an orchid hunter will search for a year or more, facing the almost intolerable conditions of an unexplored land in order to capture in the end some heretofore unknown variety. During his quest, be it long or short, he must brave foul disease at almost every step; must be ever alert against the hostility of the tribes which inhabit the region he in-

vades; and must risk all sorts of personal mishaps in grasping his prize, even after the quest has been successful, since most of the rare orchids of the tropics flourish only at the tops of the tallest trees. The hunter must either climb the trees, or more likely he will cut them down, but he dare not trust any hands save his own to undertake the task of gathering these fragile flowers.

An energetic orchid hunter will forward great numbers of plants, some rare and others not so rare, to the orchid consuming centers of Europe and America every year, but it is no easy matter to get the orchids to the coast after they have been found and wired into boxes by skillful packers, and on shipboard, even though the temperature of special cabins be regulated to sustain these floral natives of the tropics, there are other perils to be passed, and many plants perish during the ocean voyage. Indeed, it is claimed that on every large consignment of orchids from Brazil or Madagascar or other orchid producing paradise there is a loss amounting to thousands of dollars through the demise of plants that cannot withstand the rigors of an ocean voyage and in consequence pass from their dormant condition into a sleep from which they cannot be awakened.

The roots which come safely to market are usually put up at auction, and since there are no flowers on the plants, and no means of positively identifying them—not even the orchid hunter having seen them in bloom—it not infrequently happens that what are sold for orchids of a common variety, and consequently bring low price, turn out to be rarities of great value. In this way one unidentified orchid plant that brought half a dollar at an auction sale in London was, when it bloomed, after a lapse of two years, discovered to be such a novelty that the very firm that had disposed of it at auction bought it back for \$2,500. This price is by no means a record-breaker for a rare orchid, as notable specimens have been sold for sums as high as \$5,750. Nor is it necessary that an orchid should be what the layman would regard as distinctly different from all others in order to command a fancy price. If it merely has markings distinct from those on the orchids of the same class which have come to light previously, it will be eagerly sought by collectors who take account of all such minor differences

just as do the collectors of coins or postage stamps.

The raising of orchids from seed is a very slow operation, and one requiring an infinite amount of patience. Orchid growers who are in the business either for profit or pleasure, prefer, as a rule, to simply buy the bulbs—brown and withered and unpromising—and by watchful care nurture the latent spark of life until in time the plant blooms. One ticklish task in connection with the raising of orchids is the keeping up of the successive periods of rest and activity natural to each species of this floral family. As an orchid plant is passing into what is known as the dormant state it requires a gradually slackening supply of water, whereas when it is revived from this and returned to active growth there must be a continual increase in the amount of moisture supplied to the plant arousing from its drowsiness.

Orchids newly arrived from foreign parts must have an exceptional amount of attention after their long sea voyage. First, all the old leaves are removed and then the plants are allowed to repose for a time in a cool building where they have shade. After two or three days of preparation the new arrivals are put in pots and "nursed" until they give evidence of active growth. After this it is largely a question of regulating temperature and moisture although such are the peculiarities of these erratic flowers that every now and then an experienced grower will lose a number of plants for no apparent reason.

These flowers, some of which are said to have the ability to kill with their fragrance, are in reality distant cousins of our familiar blooms, the snow drop and the lady's slipper. There are, all told, more than 5,000 varieties of orchids, but the ones which have been most prized are the strangely beautiful forms which have come from blistering deserts, fever swamps, the tops of mountains or other localities where it seems as though Dame Nature had done her best to hide them away from prying human eyes. To persons who have not learned to love them there is often a suggestion almost of the uncanny about a fanciful orchid, and such persons will not be surprised to hear that one of the choicest of orchids was first found clinging to a tombstone in New Guinea.

Orchid growers would, most of them, be in no end of difficulty in classifying and identifying their specimens, were it not for the "Orchid Studbook," which is issued every year just as is the studbook of horses, which lists all of the domestic varieties of orchids with information as to their respective lines of descent from the original wild kinds. There have been many famous orchid collectors. Mrs. Roosevelt was very fond of the flower and it was due to her efforts that a respectable-sized collection of orchids has been formed at the White House conservatories. Perhaps the most enthusiastic of all orchid collectors, however, has been Joseph Chamberlain, and the name of the English statesman will live forever in the domain of the orchid as a devotee who devoted his leisure and thousands of dollars of his wealth to the indulgence of his hobby for the gentlest and frailest of flowers.

Ought to Have It

A councillor of the Paris Prefecture, who has not reached the age at which he is entitled to a pension, has applied for his pension on the ground that attendance at state banquets has ruined his digestion and made him so much of an invalid that he is no longer able to perform the duties of his office.

Origin of the Piano.

The pianoforte was directly evolved from the clavichord and the harpsichord. In 1711 Scipione Maffei gave a detailed account of the first four instruments, which were constructed by Bartholomew Christofori. It was named by him the pianoforte and was first exhibited in 1709. Marius, in France, exhibited harpsichords, with hammer action, in 1716, and Schröter, in Germany, claimed to have invented the pianoforte between 1717 and 1720.

Marius was at first generally credited with the invention. Pianos of that period were shaped much like the modern grand variety. The first square piano was constructed by Frederick, an organ manufacturer of Saxony, in 1758. The first genuine upright piano was invented in England and the United States by John Isaac Hawkins, an Englishman, in 1800.

A Kidney Cure You Can Bank On

Prove the Treatment Before You Pay for It. Your Druggist Has a Free Sample Package for You.

Kidney diseases justly produce intense fear in the hearts of those afflicted with it, for unless treated promptly by the right method they usually end fatally. Every sufferer from kidney or bladder trouble may thank science for the new treatment, Dr. Derby's Kidney Pills.



Dr. Derby's Kidney Pills are remarkable. They straighten up lame backs every time and right off. Every man and woman can prove it without cost. No matter how badly or despondent you feel about your case, if you have back pains, bladder pains, Bright's disease, diabetes, or rheumatism in any form, do not worry an instant longer. Go to your druggist and get a package of Dr. Derby's Kidney Pills—25 and 50 cents, or direct from Derby Medicine Co., Eaton Rapids, Mich.

If you want to prove first that all these statements are true, tell your druggist to give you a free sample package. Try them and be convinced.

IN OBEDIENCE TO ORDERS

French Boy Caused Merriment by Taking the Order of the Court Too Literally.

A droll incident is reported as having taken place in one of the provincial appeal courts in France. A boy, about 14, was summoned to give evidence, and his appearance was such as to move the whole court to laughter. He wore a long redingote, peculiar to the Basque country, and immense boots. His trousers, collar and hat were unquestionably those of a man. The court was convulsed, and the president asked the boy how he dared to treat the court in such a manner. The boy seemed as surprised as the president, and taking out the citation from his pocket, read the formula inviting him, "Comparetre dans les affaires de son pere." (To appear in his father's suit.)

Symptoms Were There.

"Your husband might have a little solid food directly he begins to mend," said the doctor. "But how am I to tell?" inquired the anxious wife. "The convalescent stages of influenza," replied the doctor, "are marked by a slight irritability."

The next day he called and found the patient's wife radiant. "When I refused to order his steak and onions," she explained, "he came into the kitchen and smashed fourteen soup plates and a dinner service; so, of course, I sent out for steak at once."—Stray Stories.

Too Fresh.

"Will you promise to support my daughter in the style in which she is accustomed if I consent to your marriage?" demanded old Skinfint, when Dobby made his formal proposal. "Well, I—I'll promise to be tolerably close with her, Mr. Skinfint," said Dobby, "but you know, I'm a soft-hearted cuss, and I'm afraid she'll be able to wheedle a few things out of me that you were strong enough to refuse her."—Judge.

COFFEE CONGESTION Causes a Variety of Ails.

A happy old lady in Wisconsin says:

"During the time I was a coffee drinker I was subject to sick headaches, sometimes lasting 2 or 3 days, totally unfitting me for anything."

To this affliction was added, some years ago, a trouble with my heart that was very painful, accompanied by a smothering sensation and faintness.

"Dyspepsia, also, came to make life harder to bear. I took all sorts of patent medicines but none of them helped me for any length of time."

"The doctors frequently told me that coffee was not good for me; but without coffee I felt as if I had no breakfast. I finally decided about 2 years ago to abandon the use of coffee entirely, and as I had read a great deal about Postum I concluded to try that for a breakfast beverage."

"I liked the taste of it and was particularly pleased to notice that it did not 'come up' as coffee used to. The bad spells with my heart grew less and less frequent, and finally ceased altogether, and I have not had an attack of sick headache for more than a year. My digestion is good, too, and I am thankful that I am once more a healthy woman. I know my wonderful restoration to health came from quitting coffee and using Postum." Name given by the Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

"There's a reason," and it is this. Coffee has a direct action on the liver with some people, and causes partial congestion of that organ preventing the natural outlet of the secretions. Then may follow biliousness, sallow skin, headaches, constipation and finally a change of the blood corpuscles and nervous prostration."

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

Use Flattery for Health

What Women Need Is Not so Much Medicine But a Lot of White Lies.

And now comes a very learned man, a psychologist, a physicist and a philosopher, who seems to have investigated the whole subject to his own satisfaction, and finds that the world is cursed with truth, or, rather, with a lack of lies. Human beings, particularly those of the feminine gender, suffer physical torments, it appears, because they are not buoyed up by sufficient flattery. What women need is not so much quinine and ipecac as a lot of white lies. When you go home to the wife of your bosom you are not to tell her that she looks bad and ought to have a doctor at once. By no means. You must tell her that

she looks younger than she has for years, and that she never was as dear to you, and that you are hardly able to pull through your daily tasks because you are so distracted by thoughts of her.

The remedy at least is cheap. It costs nothing but effort, but, alas! more effort than some men are willing to put forth. It is not because a man is too truthful to tell lies to his wife about her appearance, but because he hasn't the willing mind. It is too common for men to presume that simply because they are married they need not bestow courtesy or sentiment upon their wives. Some men reserve their stories of flattery for other men's wives, which makes particularly interesting reading in the divorce courts.

Now, this learned man is right in his fundamentals. We do not know whether or not a case of appendicitis or of cerebro-spinal meningitis may be cured by flattery, but if more men went home to their wives with cheerful faces, with loving words, with the most tender courtesy and a box of candy or a bunch of violets, a lot of heart trouble would be cured instantly. The principal fact about a woman is that she is a woman. She lives on love. She is made for it and

normally cannot exist in good spirits without it. The greatest injury that can come to a woman is the feeling that she awakens no romantic inspiration in her husband. If every husband would tell his wife once a day that he loved her, as well as show it, the world would be much happier. It is not alone necessary to love your wife; you must show it by a thousand things that seem meaningless trifles to the men, but are the larger part of life to a woman.

Hats.

"What is the average woman's idea of spring poetry?" "Oh, something in a millinery way, I guess."

Never Anything Else.

"Is your toothache bad?" "Well, it doesn't look particularly good to me."

When the Teacher Blushed.

"What is it," asked the teacher, "that binds us together and makes us better than we are by nature?" "Corsets, sir," piped a wise little girl of eight.—Red Hen.

When He Flourished.

"Used to be a waiter, you say?" "Yes; those were his palmy days."

THE ANTIOCH NEWS

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY

A. B. JOHNSON, Editor and Prop.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One copy, one year, in advance, \$1.00

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THURSDAY, APRIL 20, 1911

The composers of some of our popular songs ought to be in Sing Sing.

The man who has no one dependent upon him loses much of the pleasure of work.

The sorrows that we keep to ourselves are what make our neighbors happy.

When Minneapolis put the lid on tight, St. Paul tipped his out of mere politeness.

U. S. senators believe in waiting for "him who is without sin" to cast the first stone.

Anyway Mexico can always plan on its new president being just as good as the last one.

The Society for the Prevention of Unnecessary Noises is keeping more quiet than seems necessary.

The worst mistakes we make are often the ones we make when we are the most certain we are right.

A college professor proposes to do away with the college yell. The students have got a holler coming.

Our book publishers are doing their best to establish an American nobility. They pay millions annually for royalties.

The year 1911 has been saddened already. The last surviving relative of the bodyguard of Washington has died again.

If some people spent as much in trying to live as they do in trying not to die, they might do something worth while.

While the hat remains such an all important part of a woman's dress, it would never do for a woman to "lose her head."

Someone says a boil is worth \$10. Anyone wishing a real bargain should apply at once for our allotment of Job's distractors.

A Chicago man can't say a word when his false teeth are out. Probably he's one of those fellows who chew their words.

Judge Parker denies that he will again run for president. The original report does not seem to have caused much alarm.

In England candidates "stand" for parliament—but in this country it is a question of whether the people will stand for the candidate.

Caruso says quarrelling injures the voice, therefore he will not marry. No woman seems inclined to quarrel with him over his decision.

The girl who really doesn't care whether she wins the prize at a card party will make an exceptionally agreeable and tractable wife.

An eastern college professor wants to know if any one can explain the mystery of life and death. We, for one, can't understand why some folks don't die.

"Give Lawyer the Lie," says a newspaper headline. That's always the way. When a man gets anything given him it is usually something he is already overstocked with.

A policeman recently presented Mayor Gaynor with a book of original poems, but the mayor was so fully recovered from his recent misfortune that no serious results followed.

The theory that some people have their brains located amidships probably originated in the fact that the way mother used to apply the slipper left such an impression on the mind.

As some author has said, "Children are the link between heaven and man." No home can be forever happy without these little cherubs—whose lips lisp the cute little things that we like to tell the neighbors.

It is better to lend money to an enemy than to a friend—for in the former case you are not diffident about asking for its return—besides, you have disarmed an enemy by putting him under obligations to you.

Why Electricity Should be Charged for According to a Two Rate System

BECAUSE, First, The electric current being required whenever a customer lights his lamps must be manufactured the moment the lamps are turned on and this fact makes it necessary to have the apparatus always in readiness to supply the demand.

Second, The same investment in boilers, engines, generators, mains, etc., is necessary on the part of the Company to be in "Readiness to serve" a customer's needs whether he wants the service for one hour in each month or ten hours daily. Of two customers taking 5 Kilowatt Hours a day, and one who takes the 5 Kilowatt Hours by the use of 20 lamps burning 5 hours should have a better rate per unit than the one who takes the 5 Kilowatt Hours by the use of 100 lamps burning one hour, each lamp using 50 Watts per hour or 1-20 of a Kilowatt. Each customer uses the same amount of electricity, but one requires INVESTMENT for 100 lamps and the other for 20 lamps only.

The two rate system automatically gives the best average rate per Kilowatt of electricity used, to the customer who burns his lamp the greater number of hours each day. This is right. It is obvious that the customer who uses the investment 10 hours daily should have a much better rate than the customer who uses the investment but one hour a day for the following reasons:

Every enterprise has two main divisions of expense:

First, fixed charges such as interest, rents, royalties, sinking fund, taxes, insurance and second, operating expenses. The operating expenses are also sub-divided into fixed expenses and variable expenses.

Fixed expenses are salaries, legal expenses and such part of wages, fuel, etc., as are required to keep the plant going with the minimum hourly output. Variable expenses are proportioned to the output. In electric lighting the various expenses form but a small part of the total cost compared with fixed charges and expenses. The electricity cannot be profitably stored for future delivery like gas or other products but must be generated at the very time when the consumer uses it. Consequently, the plant must be always equipped to supply the maximum demand. Therefore, it is obvious that the consumer who uses the investment 10 hours daily should have a much better rate than the customer who wishes the investment but one hour a day.

The North Shore Electric Company's rate for electricity under the two rate contract, are 13 1-2 per Kilowatt Hour until a use has been made equivalent to burning all the lamps comprising the customer's maximum demand 30 hours in each month and 7c per Kilowatt Hour for the electricity used in excess of that amount.

Experience having shown that a residence seldom, if ever, has all the lights contained in it lighted at the same time and it having been ascertained by experiment what proportion of the lamps contained in the residence are lighted at the same time, a table has been prepared showing the relation between the number of lamps contained in the residence and the number used at one time. This table practically ignores all lamps contained in closets, servants' quarters, attic, basement, etc., and includes in the lamps containing the maximum demand, those in habitual use. As in any other meter system, the customer pays for the ACTUAL CURRENT used. The 30 hour use simply specifies the amount of electricity to be used at the regular rate (13 1-2c) before the 7c rate applies. Each customer makes the same arrangement and pays the same price.

North Shore Electric Company

Church Maintained Theater.
St. Paul's cathedral in London actually maintained a theater during the reign of Elizabeth and the first years of the reign of James I. A adjacent building was used as a theater, and the actors were the boys of the choir. The company presented many of the most important plays of the time.

Only System of Education.
No system of education is worthy of the name of a national system unless it establishes a great educational ladder, the bottom of which is in the gutter and the top in the university, on which every child who has the strength to climb may, by using the strength, reach the place for which nature intended him.—Huxley.

Well Meant.
A description of a wedding explains that "the bride was charmingly though becomingly dressed." It reminds us of the reporter's note, "The patient is much better, though Doctor Brown is still in attendance."

Prisoners Honored Confidence.
When the circus exhibited in Montpelier, Vt., recently, there was no work for eleven prisoners in the jail. The sheriff purchased tickets for them and allowed them to see the show without an escort. Some had long terms to serve and the crowd and darkness furnished an excellent opportunity to escape. Fifteen minutes after the performance was over every one was back where he belonged.

Knew His Business.
"What you want to do is to have that mudhole in the road fixed," said the visitor. "That goes to show," replied Farmer Cornstossel, "how little you reformers understand local conditions. I've purty nigh paid off a mortgage with the money I made haulin' automobiles out o' that mudhole."—Christian Register.

Hard to Keep.
English divines have a plan to shorten the Ten Commandments. Condensation will not make it any easier to keep them.—Philadelphia Press.

Ingenious Spider Web.
Spiders have a number of ingenious ways of alluring and catching their prey. A writer describes an American spider which haunts evergreen trees, and snares its dinner by means of a kind of lasso. The web of the spider is triangular in form. Two corners of the triangle are attached to twigs, but the other corner, which ends in a single thread, is held by the spider, perched on a neighboring twig. When a fly strikes the web the spider loosens his hold and the elastic threads instantly entangle the victim.

New Swimming Machine.
Providing a cork jacket, which keeps its wearer upright in the water, with a propeller, driven by two cranks, a New Yorker has invented a device which is a variation from most styles of swimming machines.

What He Thought.
Mrs. Allway—Oh, John, I had a dream last night that all your money was gone. Allway—"How much did he dress in the dream cost?"

Growing Best Sugar in England.
Remarkable success has attended the efforts of growers of sugar beets in Herefordshire, England. A good high average for a crop is 15 tons to the acre of roots bearing 15 per cent. of sugar. The Herefordshire farmers, in spite of rough and ready methods and small knowledge of the crop, grew up to 27½ tons to the acre, with a sugar content of 19 per cent. The purity of the sugar was exceptionally high.

The Winner.
Cook—"My dog took first prize at the cat show." "How was that?" "He took the cat."—Rochester Post Express.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Charles H. Fletcher*

Keeping Worms From Plants.
If air slacked lime be used in earth in which plants are potted it will keep worms away.

"CEROCALL"



The Chestnut standard-bred stallion "CEROCALL" 46099 by Egotist 5018, dam Miss Nutcall by War Call 7982, will make the season of 1911 until the 15th of June at my barn in Antioch. \$20 to insure.

Henry Herman

LOCAL ITEMS

Local Announcements and the
Elgin Butter Market

Any Size
Any Kind
Any Price
AT
WEBB'S

ELGIN, ILL., April 17—Butter firm at 21c. Output for the week, 516,000 lbs.

H. A. Radtke has purchased a new automobile.

R. A. Shultis is the possessor of a new Crow automobile.

John Welch of Libertyville was an Antioch visitor Tuesday.

Frank Huber has purchased an auto day to use on his work.

For sale—I have for sale a few good work horses. Henry Herman, Antioch, Ill.

E. L. Simons attended a meeting of the board of supervisors at Waukegan Monday.

Miss Lillie Watson of Waukegan spent the latter part of the week at her home here.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Taylor of Chicago visited over Sunday with the former's parents here.

For Sale—Choice Early King seed potatoes; also nice eating potatoes. Inquire of M. Hoye, Antioch, Ill.

The final party of the Seven-Eleven Club was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Kettlehut Thursday evening.

Harold Williams and Frank Trussell of Chicago spent Sunday at the home of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Williams.

Remember that our clubbing offer including the premium of eight grape vine roots will hold good only through the spring planting season.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Day of Libertyville and John Nelson of Chicago spent Easter with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Nelson of this place.

Mrs. John Engman returned to her home at Chetek, Wis., Tuesday evening, after having spent the past week at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Beuthling.

Having dissolved partnership the firm of Garrett & Ames respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the firm to call and settle as soon as possible.

See Alden, Biding & Co. for anything in music. Pianos, phonographs and records. Two stores, 473 Market street, Kenosha, and 209 N. Genesee street, Waukegan. For piano tuning send to us.

W. H. Tiffany was a Waukegan visitor Monday.

A. D. Webb of Waukegan was an Antioch caller Tuesday.

Alex McGavic visited over Easter with relatives at Beloit, Wis.

Miss Florence Brogan visited over Sunday with friends at Beloit, Wis.

Miss Maude Brogan of Kenosha was the guest of her mother here over Sunday.

Mrs. S. D. Warner of Chicago is visiting Antioch relatives and friends this week.

Robert Smart of Waukegan visited at the home of his brother here over Sunday.

Clair and Ernest Kelly of Chicago spent Easter at the home of their parents here.

Misses Elsie and Ruth Williams of Chicago visited over Sunday with their parents here.

Mrs. C. M. Turner left on Tuesday for a week's visit with relatives at Norwood Park.

For Sale—Fancy strawberry plants, \$4.00 per thousand. L. G. Benedict, Bristol, Wis., five miles east of Trevor. 32w3

Miss Dora Lasco and her sister Mrs. Chas. Oetting of Trevor took in the Ringling Bros circus at Chicago Wednesday and Thursday of last week.

Those wishing to make contracts for growing pickles the coming season for the Budlong Pickle company at Trevor, can do so by calling on Carey & Dobbins, Trevor, Wis., 30w4

Miss Bertha James left on Wednesday for Chicago to join with the other members of the Oriole Concert Company in giving an entertainment at Aurora Thursday evening.

Amy M. White was transferred a three hundred acre farm at Round Lake in Avon Township to John T. Moose, the consideration being \$4,000. It is one of the biggest deals recorded in some time.

For Sale—160 acres of very good hardwood timber land on a good road close to saw mill. This will make excellent farming land and is in a good dairy farm locality in north central Wisconsin. Inquire of Geo. L. Bacon, Antioch, Ill. 32w4

If you have a Steven's catalog keep it for future reference, most remarkable values ever offered and prices lowest in United States, quality considered. If you want anything in ladies' wearing apparel give me a call, I can show you samples of every garment and guarantee them to fit. Mrs. A. G. Watson.

Miles T. Jamey was elected president of the village of Barington Tuesday without opposition. He will have served ten years at the expiration of his present term and has been elected without opposition each term excepting the first one. H. G. Lageschutte, Williams Peters and George J. Hager was elected as trustees.

On Friday April seventh death overtook one of Rockford's most venerable old ladies, Mrs. Elizabeth Jane Blaisdell, mother of Henry Blaisdell of this place, after an illness of only a few days beginning at first with a hard cold and later terminating in her death. A member of a colonial family which has given soldiers' jurists, and authors to the public life of the country, Mrs. Blaisdell was a woman of strong character and bright mind, and her death is the cause of genuine sorrow throughout the city.

Tom Burke of Chetek, Wis., is visiting relatives and friends in Antioch and vicinity.

George Webb left on Tuesday for Montana with a party of home seekers and investors.

Bert Hooper has assumed full charge of the drug store which he purchased at Lake Villa some time ago.

Mrs. Bert Ray and Little daughter who have been spending the past winter in Oklahoma, are the guests of Antioch relatives.

WORLD'S BIGGEST BABY FARM

Wonderful Foundling Asylum in Moscow Started Originally by Empress Catherine II.

The biggest baby farm in the world, known locally as the "home of the playing card babies," is situated in Moscow. This wonderful foundling asylum was started originally by the Empress Catherine II, and is maintained, oddly, by a tax on playing cards. In all some 14,000 babies pass through the institution every year. The asylum, which is under the patronage of the royalty, consists of an institution standing in a hollow square round a garden, with lovely trees and lawns, where the children play. A great feature of this asylum is that all the servants there wear the red livery of the royal family, and its accounts are audited and kept by the Russian treasury department. Children of all sizes from wee babies are tended here, and they have the best attention and good, wholesome food. About fifty babies are received here every day, and after a sojourn of a month nurses take them to their own homes.

Large Irrigation Project.
An eight million dollar irrigation project, about being completed in New South Wales, will benefit 1,500,000 acres of land and offer settlement opportunities to 70,000 persons.

An Ordinance

An ordinance granting certain right to the Antioch Telephone Company, a corporation, incorporated under the laws of the State of Illinois, to erect and maintain a telephone line in the Village of Antioch, Lake county, State of Illinois.

Be it ordained by the Trustees of the Village of Antioch:

Section 1. That permission and authority be hereby granted to The Antioch Telephone Company, of Antioch, Lake county, State of Illinois, their successors, or assigns, to construct, maintain, and operate in the public streets, alleys and public ways of the Village of Antioch, a line or lines of wires or electrical conductors, and the necessary poles and posts, and insulators to support same, for telephone purposes.

Section 2. All said poles and posts for said telephone wires shall be placed at such distances, and at such places, the height, size and style of poles shall be as the Board of Local Improvements shall direct.

Section 3. The right and privileges hereby granted shall wholly cease and terminate at the expiration of twenty-five years from the passage of said ordinance.

Section 4. This ordinance shall be in force from the time of its passage.

E. H. AMES,
President.

Attested, L. M. HUGHES,
Clerk.

Passed April 18, 1911.

Approved April 18, 1911.

Published April 20, 1911.



Write for Designs and Prices

J. H. MILLER
Manufacturer of
Marble and Granite Monuments

Foreign and American
Granite a Specialty
All Work Guaranteed
We Carry a Full Line of Finished Work
J. H. MILLER
McHenry - - - Illinois

All New Shoes

Men's Women's and Children's new Oxfords in patent, gunmettle, tan and kid
Women's pumps and slippers in the new instep strap and lattice work toe
Prices right—quality the best—and our styles are right up to the minute

ANTIOCH CASH SHOE STORE

GOOD SHOES

See my line of 1910 Wall Paper Samples and get my prices before letting contract

NICK WEINDEL

Painter and Paper Hanger

All Work done in
First Class Planner

ANTIOCH, ILL.

The Manifold Conveniences of Electricity

Are Available

When Your House is Wired

It supplies the most superb of artificial lights and power that runs every little or big machine about the house

Electric Service is Cheap

Let us show you the advantages of wiring your house on our 24 MONTHS TO PAY PLAN, NO INTEREST

North Shore Electric Company

RELINQUISHMENTS

Near Cut Bank, Montana, a division point on the G. M. Ry., and a future county seat. New \$25,000 school house and churches. Best town in Teton county. It is proved by the latest government rainfall maps and by results, that this is some of the best farming land in Montana. Good relinquishments can be had just now from \$150 to \$2100, according to amount of improvements, distance from town, desire to sell, etc. If interested, write to

Bruce R. McNamer, Cut Banks,
Montana

J. C. JAMES, JR.
UNDERTAKER
LICENSED EMBALMER
Licensed by the State Board of Health

BANK OF ANTIOCH,

EDWARD BROOK,
BANKER.

BUY AND SELL EXCHANGE,
AND DO A GENERAL
BANKING BUSINESS.

M. A. HULETT

VETERINARY SURGEON
ANTIOCH ILLINOIS

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Jurist of the Peace and Notary Public

REAL ESTATE

Both Farm and Lake Property

Fire Insurance Agent for Several
Good Companies

Accidental and Life Insurance Reasonable
Rates and Good Companies

J. C. JAMES, JR.

Antioch, Illinois

W. J. WHITE

Funeral Director

Lady Assistant - Licensed Embalmer
Calls Answered Day or Night
Phone 313 Antioch, Ill.

T. N. DONNELLY & Co.

Loan and Diamond Brokers

New No. 24 and 26, N. Dearborn st.
118 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, ALL KINDS JEWELRY
at less than cost At half the price you pay the
regular stores Dec 19 01 Y1

E. V. ORVIS

Lawyer and Notary Public. Practice all courts
Farm property for sale. Duplicates suits and
collections of wages a specialty. Fire and
Life Insurance.

201 Washington St.
WAUKEGAN, ILLINOIS

LOTUS CAMP No. 557 M. W. A.
meets at 7:30 the first and third
Wednesday evening of every month. Visiting
Brethren always welcome.
L. M. HUGHES, V. C.
J. C. JAMES, Clerk.

SEQUOIA LODGE, No. 827, A. F. & A. M., hold
regular communications the First and Third
Wednesday evenings of every month. Visiting
Brethren always welcome.
W. F. ZIEGLER, W. M.
FRANK HUBER, Sec'y.
The Eastern Star meets Second and Fourth
Thursdays of each month.
MABEL GRIMM, W. M.
IDA OSMOND, Sec'y.

SPECTACLES SCIENTIFICALLY FITTED



C. F. INGALLS & BRO.

Jewelers and Opticians.

112 Genesee St, Waukegan, Ill

Big Saving in Groceries

Gold Medal flour, 1-4 barrel sack with grocery order of \$2.00 or more, sugar not included **\$1.39**

21 lbs. fine granulated sugar with grocery order of \$2 or more..... **90c**

Three packages of Corn Flake for..... **24c**

Twelve bars of Calumet Family soap for..... **24c**

Seven bars of Galvanic soap for..... **24c**

Two packages large size Johnson Washing Powder for..... **25c**

Three packages of Mince Meat for..... **25c**

Five gallons of Kerosene for.... **45c**

Two packages of Yeast Foam for **5c**

We sell at cost all the hardware and tinware which is now displayed on our bargain counter
A full line of all kinds of seeds just received

A. ROTH, Lake Villa, Illinois
Successor to D. Sugar

Easter Savings
at Battershall's

GROCERIES

21 pounds granulated sugar..... **\$1.00**
Ceresota flour per sack..... **\$1.50**
9 bars Lenox soap..... **25c**
Armours pure lard..... **11c**
Armours compound..... **9c**
Armours Star hams..... **14c**
Prices baking powder 1 lb. can..... **37c**
Bakers Premium chocolate per lb..... **27c**
Creamery butter per lb..... **23c**
3 lbs. roasted coffee..... **50c**

RUBBER GOODS AND GENTS FURNISHINGS

\$5.00 Lambertville snag proof boots..... **\$3.90**
5.00 Ball Brand all duck boots..... **3.90**
4.50 Ball Brand duck vamp boots..... **3.75**
4.00 Ball Brand all gum boots..... **3.40**
Men's storm rubbers..... **65c**
Ladies' storm rubbers..... **50c**
\$1.25 extra size dress shirts..... **90c**
1.00 dress shirts..... **75c**
50c dress shirts..... **35c**
All 50c work shirts..... **40c**

Wall Paper—Our 1911 line of wall paper is ready for your inspection. Our line is varied and ranges in price from 20c down to 4c per roll.
Sash rods from 5c up Bed mattresses, all styles, from \$2.25 to \$15.00

F. D. BATTERSHALL

General Merchandise

Grayslake, Illinois

BACKS UP WARNING

PRESIDENT SENDS FULL CAVALRY REGIMENT FROM DES MOINES TO ARIZONA.

FORTY REBELS ARE SLAIN

Insurrectos Attack Federal Troops in Charge of Prisoners in Chihuahua and Conflict Lasts Several Hours—Officers Die in Baucha Battle.

Washington.—President Taft has ordered the entire regiment of the Sixth cavalry, 500 men, located at Des Moines, to reinforce the posts in Arizona. This order resulted from persistent reports which came into Washington that another battle between the federal forces and rebels was imminent at Agua Prieta, Mexico.

This step on the part of the president supplements his warning to the Mexican and revolutionary authorities that American lives and interests must not be endangered by unrestrained border line fighting. It completes, it is said, the administration's present program of precaution.

The fact is emphasized in official quarters that the American troops in the south have specific instructions not to cross into Mexico under any circumstances. The officers in command have been ordered to preserve a strict neutrality and to see that American citizens do not expose themselves to unwarranted danger.

It is confidently expected in administration circles that the Mexican government and the commanders of the insurgent forces will heed warning from the president of the United States and, as far as the exigencies of war will permit, choose their battle grounds with profound respect for the rights of a neutral power. No reply has yet been received by the state department to the representations made to the Mexican government in this connection, but already assurance has been received from the rebel commander at Agua Prieta that the Douglas incident will not be repeated.

Chihuahua, Mexico.—Forty or more insurrectos were killed and more than 100 wounded in a battle fought between Sanz and Santa Clara canyon, about fifty miles north of here, according to federal couriers who have arrived here.

The federals report five killed, but later developments may change the figures. A number of women and children are believed to be among the killed.

Coming across from Casas Grandes, on their way to Chihuahua with prisoners under Gen. Luis Valdez, the federals, followed by about 100 refugees, were attacked.

Five hundred insurrectos under Generals Orozco and Villa had been instructed by Francisco Madero to head off the Casas Grandes contingent and if possible capture and release the prisoners. The fight occurred on a hacienda, as the prisoners, shackled together by ropes, and the women and children refugees, weary from the long tramp, were scattered in a long broken line.

The federals immediately responded with heavy firing and placed the prisoners and non-combatants under protection. The fighting continued several hours and resulted in sending north from here of General Rabago with 500 reinforcements.

El Paso, Tex.—The insurrectos have retired from the vicinity of Baucha, south of Juarez, and the federals have returned to Juarez. The federals lost six men, including Lieuts. Miguel Baturini and Amblag Glimmer, and six wounded, including Capt. Porfirio Hernandez. The wounded were brought back to Juarez. The dead were left on the battlefield.

WOULD IMPEACH GOV. OSBORN

Michigan Executive Is Censured Because of His Failure to Remove Prison Warden.

Lansing, Mich.—Dissatisfied over the indifferent manner in which Governor Osborn received the action of the house in adopting the minority report of the committee that investigated Marquette prison, it is said a majority of the representatives will favor impeachment proceedings against the governor unless he brings about the removal of Warden James Russell and the members of the prison board of control.

This is the first time in the history of the state that threats of impeachment have ever been made against a governor.

The report adopted by the house set forth that Warden Russell had flogged men into insensibility, had received tribute from the contractors who operate the factories of the prison, and in one section it declared that Warden Russell should be serving time behind the bars instead of being in control of the convicts.

Governor Osborn says he will stand by Russell and declares the Marquette prison is the best managed of any penal institution in this state.

Are Indicted for Lynching.

Hot Springs, Ark.—Ben Murray and John Rutherford, former deputy sheriffs, charged with abetting in the lynching of Oscar Chitwood at the county prison December 26 last, were indicted, charged with murder.

Dynamite Injures Section Men. Villa Grove, Ill.—Dynamite placed under the boarding cars of Italian section men employed in the Frisco yards wrecked the cars and injured several men. Labor trouble is supposed to have been the cause.

STORM'S TOLL GROWS

MORE THAN SCORE KNOWN DEAD IN SOUTHWEST.

Hundreds of Buildings Are Wrecked by Tornadoes in Kansas, Oklahoma, Arkansas and Missouri.

St. Louis.—The most destructive storm here since the great cyclone of May 31, 1896, struck the city with terrific force causing three deaths and many thousands dollars of damage. A heavy downpour of rain was accompanied by a terrific wind, hail, lightning and thunder.

The dead include a driver of a team of mules, who, with his mules, was electrocuted by running into a live wire; a woman who succumbed to fright, and another woman who was killed in a runaway. The horse she was driving took fright during the storm.

Houses were blown down in the outskirts of the city, and in the northern district an eight-story elevator, containing 1,000,000 bushels of wheat, valued at \$750,000, was blown into the Mississippi river.

The storm came as thousands were on their way home from downtown. As windows in the street cars were broken, the excitement approximated a panic.

Four negroes are known to be dead, a number injured, one seriously, and three missing, following a tornado which wrecked the town of Valles Mines, Mo., forty miles southwest of here.

Kansas City, Mo.—Although the weather is fair throughout the tornado-swept districts of Kansas, Oklahoma, western Missouri and northern Arkansas, the major portion of the telephone and telegraph wires are still down and only meager reports of the death and destruction wrought by the storm Wednesday are obtainable.

It now appears that at least nineteen persons were killed. The list of injured will number more than one hundred.

The monetary loss in Kansas alone is estimated to be in excess of \$600,000. It is thought the damage in other sections visited by the storm will bring the total to more than \$1,000,000. Hundreds of houses, barns and other buildings were destroyed.

KENYON IS ELECTED SENATOR

Succeeds Lafayette Young, and Will Be One of Youngest Members in Upper House of Congress.

Des Moines, Ia.—W. S. Kenyon was elected United States senator by the Iowa legislature. Voting on senator has been going on since January 13, and nearly 100 ballots have been taken. Mr. Kenyon is to succeed Lafayette Young, editor of the Des Moines Capital.

This action of the legislature ends a deadlock which has existed since the beginning of the session and is a victory for the progressives.

The election followed a stormy session. Mr. Kenyon received 55 votes to 19 for Supreme Court Justice Horace B. Deemer, his Republican opponent, the candidate of the "stand-patters."

The deadlock has existed since January 17, when the first ballot was taken. At that time Senator Lafayette Young, the present incumbent, was the leading opponent of Mr. Kenyon, but was succeeded by Justice Deemer on the twenty-third ballot, about six weeks ago.

HILL TO QUIT BERLIN POST

Ambassador to Germany Tenders Resignation and It Is Accepted by Taft.

Washington.—One of the greatest surprises of recent years in official circles here was caused by the announcement that David Jayne Hill of Rochester, N. Y., has resigned his place as ambassador of the United States to Germany.

The resignation was accepted promptly by President Taft, but in the formal letters given out there is no intimation of the reasons for Mr. Hill's withdrawal. The cause is a mystery.

In his letter accepting the resignation the president thanks Mr. Hill for his services at Berlin and says he is glad to know that he will remain there until July 1, when the resignation goes into effect.

Unconfirmed reports of friction between Mr. Hill and the state department were in circulation.

Second Tawney a Suicide.

Pierce, Neb.—William A. Tawney, brother of ex-Congressman James A. Tawney of Minnesota, committed suicide at his farm three miles from this town. A coroner's jury declared the deed was committed while Tawney was temporarily insane. He was the second brother of Congressman Tawney to take his own life. The first suicide occurred twelve years ago at the family farm in Saunders county, Nebraska.

Violinist to Queen Is Dead.

Berlin.—The Lokal Anzeiger announces the death of Lady Halle (Mme. Norman Neruda), the noted violinist, from pneumonia. Lady Halle was born at Brunn, Austria, in 1840. She was appointed violinist to Queen Alexandra in 1901.

Six Hurt in Cleveland Explosion.

Cleveland, O.—Six persons were injured, one probably fatally, when a 50-pound ammonia tank exploded in the basement of May's drug store on the public square.

EFFECTS OF THE EASTER HAT



D. A. R. FIGHT CLOSE

CAMPAIGN FOR PRESIDENT GENERAL IS ALL ABSORBING TOPIC AT CONGRESS.

LOOK FOR A "DARK HORSE"

Contest Between Mrs. Scott of Illinois and Mrs. Story of New York Promises to Be Lively—Forces Apparently Even.

Washington.—Washington is swarming with Daughters of the American Revolution. And they are busier than the proverbial bees. The twenty-fourth annual congress opened here with Daughters from nearly every section of the Union in attendance. Every hotel in the city is practically owned by the fair visitors and hundreds of private homes have been hospitably thrown open for the invaders.

The delegates will be formally received by the president and Mrs. Taft at the White House. The delegates, with other members of the organization and of the Sons of the American Revolution, were given a reception by President-General Mrs. Scott.

When the congress was called to order in Continental Memorial hall by Mrs. Mathew T. Scott of Illinois, the president-general, there began what is expected to be one of the stormiest meetings in the history of the order. Questions of "politics" have resulted in the formation of factions, each with its own ideas, radically different from those of its opponents. Naturally, interest centers chiefly in the election of officers, in the strategic point of the conflict.

Mrs. William Cummings Story of New York, defeated candidate for president-general at the last congress, will "carry the fight" to Mrs. Scott and her adherents. She has raised the cry of "oligarchy," and declares that Mrs. Scott is and has been attempting, through the medium of the governing board, to "rule the society against its constitution." As part of the campaign of Mrs. Story's friends in her behalf, 100,000 letters have been sent to the members in the various states petitioning their support in the movement to "dethrone the ruler and her clique."

Foss to Marry Miss Chapman.

San Francisco.—The engagement of Sturtevant Foss of Boston, son of the governor of Massachusetts, and Miss Dorothy Chapman of this city was announced by the parents of the bride-elect.

Noted Train Robber Paroled.

Sacramento, Cal.—Chris Evans, the train robber of Evans and Sonntag notoriety, was paroled from Folsom prison. He had been an inmate for 17 years. When the news was told Evans he collapsed.

Von Witte's Health Failing.

St. Petersburg.—Count von Witte's health is seriously impaired. His throat has caused him anxiety for some years and the trouble has now spread to the ears, causing severe head pains.

HINES UNDER FIRE

BUSINESS RIVAL TELLS OF LUMBERMAN'S BOAST.

Packer Tilden Objects to Giving Inquiry Committee Access to His Bank Deposit Records.

Springfield, Ill.—Edward Tilden, the Chicago packer, was a witness before the Helm committee here. He is alleged to have been treasurer of the Lorimer \$100,000 fund.

After naming the different banks in which he carries accounts, he declared he had strenuous objections to giving up his records of deposits in the Drovers' Deposit National bank, of which he is president. The questions of Attorney Healy, conducting the examination for the committee, brought out that a subpoena had been issued for these papers, but that they had not been obtained.

Mr. Tilden was served with a subpoena duces tecum to produce the books and accounts of his bank desired by the committee.

Herman H. Hettler of Chicago, president of the Herman H. Hettler Lumber company, told the committee that Edward Hines declared to him he had elected Lorimer. He said he met Mr. Hines at the Union League club in Chicago May 20, 1909.

"Mr. Hines was apparently elated and happy. He said: 'I have just had a telephone call from Springfield and I have elected our next senator.'"

Mr. Hettler declared under cross-examination that Mr. Hines had said nothing to him regarding money or the use of improper methods in the election of Lorimer.

"I simply took Mr. Hines' actions as an outburst of personal vanity or egotism. He was bragging, more or less, about the election of Mr. Lorimer."

M. B. Coan, investigator for the committee, followed Mr. Hettler with a story of a conversation of Mr. Hines with several citizens of Marquette, Mich., in which the Chicago lumberman is said to have boasted how he rose from a poor boy to a millionaire and crowned his career by electing William Lorimer senator.

Mr. Coan declared that the Marquette men who had given him the story had refused to come to Illinois as witnesses because of their friendship for Mr. Hines. As a substitute for their testimony Mr. Healy read affidavits from Frank Russell, Robert C. Lowe and I. D. Mosher. The Hines conversation was supposed to have been at either Bush's saloon or at a hotel bar. Russell, Selby B. Jones and Russ Culver are said in the affidavits to have been with Mr. Hines.

"We have put Lorimer over, but it cost us a lot of money," was alleged to have been Hines' boast.

'Nobel Institute's Head in U. S.

New York.—Dr. Svente Arrhenius, president of the famous Nobel Institute of Stockholm, Sweden, is in New York for addresses at Columbia university. He will be the guest of Dr. Jacques Loeb of the Rockefeller Institute.

Prohibit Whipping in Prisons.

Lansing, Mich.—By a vote of 73 to 8 the house of representatives passed the bill prohibiting corporal punishment in the prisons of the state. The bill now goes to the senate.

DE LAVAL Cream Separator SOON PAYS FOR ITSELF

Occasionally the intending buyer of a cream separator who has but a small amount of ready cash to invest is tempted to put his money into one of the so-called "cheap" machines which are being largely advertised.

Why pay your hard earned money for a "cheap" trashy machine when you can buy a reliable DE LAVAL upon such liberal terms that

It will more than earn its cost while you are paying for it.

When you buy a DE LAVAL you have positive assurance that your machine will be good for at least twenty years of service, during which time it will save every possible dollar for you and earn its original cost over and over again.

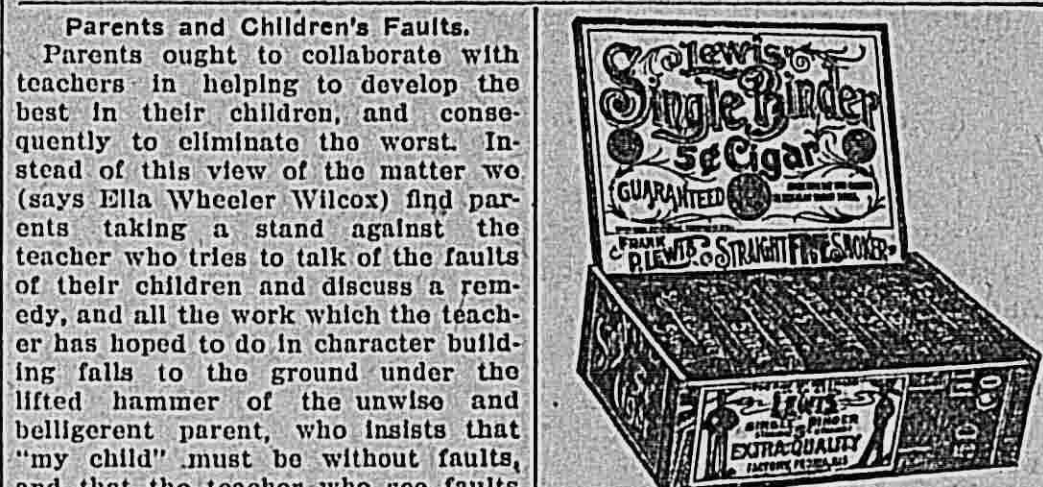
If you purchase the so-called "cheap" separator you must pay cash in advance and then take the chance of the machine becoming worthless after a year or two of use, to say nothing of the cream it will waste while it does last,—all of which means that you have virtually thrown away the money invested in the cheap separator and wasted your time, labor and product in the bargain.

The DE LAVAL separator pays for itself. It runs easier, skims cleaner and lasts longer than any other cream separator.

Be sure to see the local DE LAVAL agent and try a DE LAVAL before you buy any cream separator.

THE DE LAVAL SEPARATOR CO.

105-107 Broadway, New York; 22 E. Madison Street, Chicago; 173-177 William Street, Montreal; 14 & 10 Princess Street, Winnipeg; 1010 Western Avenue, Seattle.



Parents and Children's Faults. Parents ought to collaborate with teachers in helping to develop the best in their children, and consequently to eliminate the worst. Instead of this view of the matter we (says Ella Wheeler Wilcox) find parents taking a stand against the teacher who tries to talk of the faults of their children and discuss a remedy, and all the work which the teacher has hoped to do in character building falls to the ground under the lifted hammer of the unwise and belligerent parent, who insists that "my child" must be without faults, and that the teacher who sees faults is an enemy, not a friend. It is seldom, indeed, that a man or a woman occupying the position of a teacher is prejudiced or has personal or selfish motives for criticising a child.

AN ESTABLISHED FACTORY. Producing standard goods used by stores, banks, farmers and practically everybody, is sending its special representative to open a distributing office for this district and other unoccupied territory and desires a resident distributor with \$500 to \$1,000 in cash, carrying stock for immediately filling orders; we allow \$100 to \$200 monthly compensation, extra commissions, office and other expenses, per contract, according to size of district allotted; and stock carried; permanent arrangements; references required. If you can fill requirements write promptly. "Liberty" Manufacturing Association, 230 West Huron St., Chicago.

Good Reason for It. "I see a premiere danseuse is advertised to dance with five snakes twined about her." "Should think she would. If a snake got on me I'd bet I'd dance."—Stray Stories.

Sore Throat is no trifling ailment. It may carry germs to every part of the body through the food you eat. When you feel sore throat coming on, use Hamlin's Wizard Oil.

Some men are as easily rattled as others are hard to shake.

Constipation slowly impairs the general health—Garfield Tea corrects constipation and benefits the entire system.

Ignorance of one's misfortunes is clear gain.—Euripides.

No Man is Stronger Than His Stomach

A strong man is strong all over. No man can be strong who is suffering from weak stomach with its consequent indigestion, or from some other disease of the stomach and its associated organs, which impairs digestion and nutrition. For when the stomach is weak or diseased there is a loss of the nutrition contained in food, which is the source of all physical strength. When a man "doesn't feel just right," when he doesn't sleep well, has an uncomfortable feeling in the stomach after eating, is languid, nervous, irritable and despondent, he is losing the nutrition needed to make strength.

Such a man should use Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. It enriches the blood, invigorates the liver, strengthens the kidneys, nourishes the nerves, and so GIVES HEALTH AND STRENGTH TO THE WHOLE BODY.

You can't afford to accept a secret nostrum as a substitute for this non-alcoholic medicine of known composition, not even though the urgent dealer may thereby make a little bigger profit. Ingredients printed on wrapper.

W. L. DOUGLAS

EST. 1876 \$2.50 \$3.00 \$3.50 & \$4 SHOES. W. L. Douglas Spring Styles include more Snappy and Up-to-Date Shapes in Oxfords and High Cuts than ever before produced. W. L. Douglas warrants every pair of his shoes to hold their shape, look and fit better and wear longer than any other make, giving you better value for the money than you can obtain elsewhere.

BEWARE OF SUBSTITUTES. The genuine have W. L. Douglas name and the retail price stamped on the bottom, which guarantees full value and protects the wearer against high prices and inferior shoes. If your dealer cannot supply you with the genuine W. L. Douglas shoes, write for Mail Order Catalog. Shoes sent direct from factory to wearer, all charges prepaid. W. L. Douglas, 246 Spring St., Brockton, Mass. \$2.00, \$2.50 & \$3.00. BOYS' SHOES.

COLT DISTEMPER FRAZIER'S DISTEMPER CURE

We Absolutely GUARANTEE to Cure and Prevent this disease or return your money. A liquid given on the tongue or placed in food for Mare, Colt or Stallion. Pink-Eye, Epistaxis, Coughs and Colds cured with one bottle. \$1.00 bottle holds three 50-cent bottles. Send for Free Horse Doctor. Sold by Druggists or prepaid from BINKLEY MEDICAL COMPANY, Dept. A, Nappanee, Indiana.

MY DAUGHTER WAS CURED

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Baltimore, Md.—"I send you here with the picture of my fifteen year old daughter Alice, who was restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. She was pale, with dark circles under her eyes, weak and irritable. Two different doctors treated her and called it Green Sickness, but she grew worse all the time. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was recommended, and after taking three bottles she has regained her health, thanks to your medicine. I can recommend it for all female troubles."—Mrs. L. A. CONKERN, 1103 Rutland Street, Baltimore, Md.



Hundreds of such letters from mothers expressing their gratitude for what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has accomplished for their children have been received by the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Company, Lynn, Mass.

Young Girls, Heed This Advice. Girls who are troubled with painful or irregular periods, headache, dragging-down sensations, fainting spells or indigestion, should take immediate action and be restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Thousands have been restored to health by its use.

Write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for advice, free.

Cure for His Dyspepsy. Hogan—Phew makes ye swally all your dinner in two minutes, Grogan? Are ye atin' on a bet? Grogan—It's for the good as me dyspepsy, Moike. Sure the docther told me to rist an hour after atin', and how else am Ol goin' to git the hour of rist in unless Ol ate loike the divil?"

ASK FOR ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE the Antiseptic powder to shake into your shoes. Relieves Corns, Bunions, Ingrowing Nails, Swollen and Sore Feet, Blisters and Callous Spots. Sold everywhere, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Sample FREE. Address: Allen S. Olmsted, Lo Hov, N.Y.

Health is the greatest of all possessions, and 'tis a maxim with me that a hale cobbler is a better man than a sick king.—Bickerstaff.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation. Constipation is the cause of many diseases. Cure the cause and you cure the disease. Easy to take.

Man without patience is the lamp without oil; pride in a rage is a bad counselor.—A. de Musset.

Simple remedies are best! Garfield Tea is simple, pure, gentle in action, and always potent. Composed of Herbs, not drugs!

Whatever you lose, you should reckon on of no account.—Publius Syrus.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Not by years but by disposition is wisdom acquired.—Plautus.

Busted

Many a man goes broke—in Health—then wealth. Blames his mind—says it don't work right; but all the time it's his bowels. They don't work—liver dead and the whole system gets clogged with poison. Nothing kills good, clean-cut brain action like constipation. CASCARETS will relieve and cure. Try it now.

CASCARETS 10c a box for a week's treatment. All druggists. Biggest seller in the world. Million boxes a month.



SPENGER BROS. Makers Peoria, Ill.

Don't Buy a Common Refrigerator

It will soon become a vile smelling, disease breeding thing. Our free booklet tells why. Ask for it. Buy the Leonard Cleanable lined with real porcelain enamel on sheet steel, all one piece. Not a crack or crevice for germs to hide. You can't break, scratch or mar it, easily cleaned as a china dish, nine walls to save ice; odorless, sanitary and durable, cheapest in the end. We sell where we have no dealer. Write today for catalog, booklet and free samples of the porcelain lining.

GRAND RAPIDS REFRIGERATOR CO. 133 Clyde Park Avenue Grand Rapids, Mich.

Pettit's Eye Salve

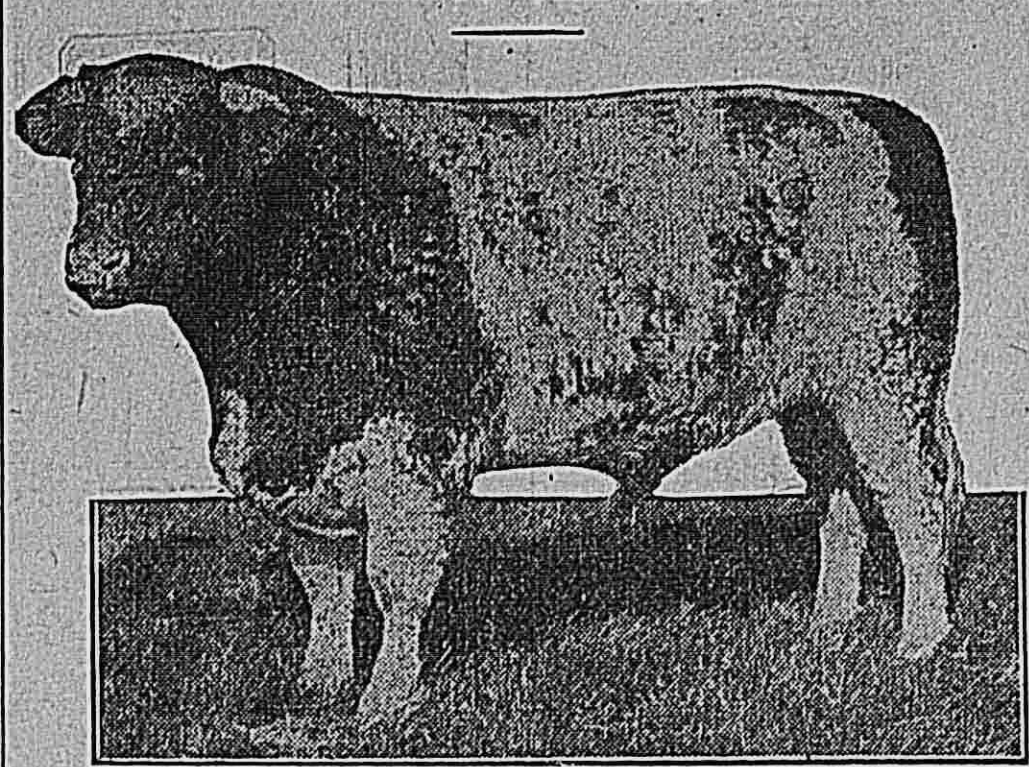
GRANULATED ITCHING LIDS CAN BE CURED

RHEUMATISM STOMACH Where Rheumatism is met with Waterloo KIDNEY 144, Martineville Boulevard, Martineville, Ind.

MAIL 8 CIRCULARS you get 50c for each answer. The best plan on earth, I think. LITTLE EXCHANGE, Hawley, Texas.

BOYS! GIRLS! Sell 8 post-cards each at 25c each; send us \$1.00, keep \$1.00. Address: PUZZLE COMPANY, Newark, Conn.

FATTENING BEEF STEERS FOR THE MARKET TO THE BEST ADVANTAGE



Cornelius 304322, Shorthorn Herd Bull at University of Illinois. BY HENRY P. RUSK, ASSOCIATE IN BEEF HUSBANDRY, UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS.

No hard and fast rule for the feeding and management of cattle can be made to cover all conditions. The details will depend largely upon the age and grade of the cattle, the time at which the feeder intends to market them and whether the cattle are to be finished in dry lot or on grass.

It would seem from the results secured at the Indiana experiment station and Missouri experiment station that cattle intended for finishing on pasture should not be put on a full feed of grain until after they are on grass.

If it is not desired to finish the cattle on pasture, it will usually be most profitable to put them on full feed as quickly as possible and push them until finished. In such cases it is very important to have a good dry lot in which to feed. The majority of the corn belt dry lot fed cattle are so only in name, in reality having been fed in mud lots. Muddy lots are disagreeable to both man and beast and make the complete utilization of waste products by hogs impossible. At the Illinois experiment station it was found that hogs following steers fed shelled corn, gluten meal, oil meal and clover hay in a dirt lot gained 85.8 pounds per steer during a six months feeding period, while hogs following similarly fed cattle in a paved lot gained 111.5 pounds per steer during the six months feeding period. The weather during most of this trial was ideal for cattle feeding, so the difference would probably be even more striking under average conditions.

One hundred square feet of pavement per steer is enough lot room for the best results. The desire to keep the cattle out of the mud leads many feeders to give their cattle too much range. The experience of the writer leads him to believe that unless the mud becomes extremely bad it is best to keep dry fed cattle in a small enclosure where there is only sufficient space for them to move around freely. If it is possible to surface this lot with brick or concrete at a reasonable expense, it will be found profitable to do so. Cinders or gravel are often used but are not satisfactory because they work up badly in freezing and thawing weather. When in this condition small particles of cinders or sharp gravel often become lodged in the cleft of the hoof and lame steers so badly that they lose their appetites and consequently

shrink heavily in their weight.

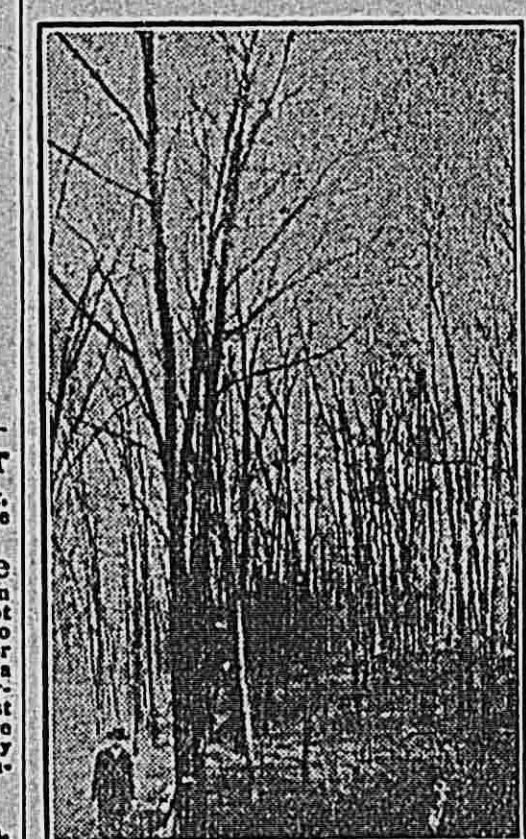
The kind of feeds that should be used for dry lot feeding depends largely upon the availability and price of the various feeds. It is desirable to use home grown feeds as far as possible. Through the greater part of the cattle feeding district the available home grown feeds most suitable for this purpose are corn and clover hay. Therefore the problem resolves itself into the question of how feeds can be used to the best advantage. The Illinois experiment station has shown that, under ordinary conditions, with prices of ear corn and clover hay varying from 35 cents per bushel and \$5 per ton to 60 cents per bushel and \$10 per ton, respectively, the cheapest gains are made where the labor element in preparing the feed was reduced to the minimum. In the experiment cited broken ear corn returned larger net profits than corn meal, corn and cob meal or shelled corn fed under similar conditions. In the case of corn meal the grinding increased the efficiency of the feed for producing gains on cattle but decreased its efficiency from the standpoint of pork produced on hogs following cattle. It was also shown that chaffing the clover hay and mixing it with the concentrates did not increase the efficiency of the ration enough to warrant the expense of chaffing. However, results secured by this station show that it pays to chaff the hay and mix with the concentrates when cattle are to be fed from a self-feeder. By this system of feeding there is less likelihood of steers over-eating and going off feed or scouring.

Experimental results and the experience of practical feeders demonstrate that the addition of some nitrogenous concentrate such as cotton seed meal or linseed oil meal increases the efficiency of the ordinary corn and clover-hay ration. However, the added efficiency is not enough to warrant its use when corn and clover hay are both cheap. But when corn is worth as much as 40 cents per bushel and clover hay \$10 per ton it will pay to use the concentrates. The higher the price of corn and clover, the larger will be the amounts of nitrogenous concentrates that can be used profitably. The value of such nitrogenous concentrate is much more marked where corn stover and oat straw or other non-leguminous roughages are used instead of clover hay.

ABANDONED LANDS MAY BE RECLAIMED

By J. E. MOSIER, ASSISTANT PROFESSOR, UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS.

In Illinois, as well as almost every other state, much land is being ruined by soil washing and gullying. General surface washing or sheet washing so lowers the productivity by reducing the organic matter content



No Washing Here. Twenty-eight-year-old grove of black locust trees on farm of J. C. B. Heaton, Johnson county, Illinois.

that neglect follows and soon the land is so badly gullied that it is ruined for ordinary agricultural purposes and to a large extent even for pasture. The area of land that is liable to serious damage by washing is much

larger than is usually supposed. In Illinois about 20 per cent. of the state, or 7,000 acres, is of this character and very few states in the eastern half of the United States have less and many of them have double that proportion.

What can be done to save those rolling lands that are still fairly productive and to reclaim those that have been abandoned?

On the less rolling land that still produces crops, judicious cropping with a rotation adapted to the conditions, good use of cover crops, deep contour plowing and planting and above all the incorporation of organic matter in the soil will go a long way toward preventing injurious loss of soil by washing. On an experiment field in southern Illinois on abandoned land where the above precautions have been taken, the yield of corn has been increased from 20.4 bushels to 39 bushels per acre in five years; wheat from 9.6 to 15.6 in four years.

In comparison with the above, the yields of corn and wheat for the same time by the ordinary methods of the locality have been respectively 15.6 and 4.9 bushels. The soil received an application of two tons of ground limestone per acre and the cowpeas and second crop of clover were turned under in the four-year rotation of corn, cowpeas, wheat and clover.

All of this rolling land was timbered originally and much of it should be reforested. The forests alone made it valuable in the first place, and that is about the only thing that will make it of any future value to the state. Probably one of the best trees for gullied lands is the black locust. The supply of nitrogen in these soils is very low and the locust, being a legume, is independent in a measure of the nitrogen in the soil. These trees will gradually stop washing, improve the soil and furnish favorable conditions for starting other trees.

THE PRICE OF LAND INCREASING

THE "BACK TO THE LAND" CRY IS EFFECTIVE.

Traveling through the state of Iowa the other day, and Iowa is no exception to the story about to be related, the writer was shown a farm that was offered three years ago for \$250 an acre. That appeared to be a high figure for land upon which the owner depended upon the crops of corn, hogs and cattle that could be raised upon it. But it wasn't. A few weeks since the farm changed hands at \$325 an acre. Over in Wisconsin, across the line in Minnesota, the same experience was met with. And then attention is directed to Canada, which has been the Mecca of so many hundred thousand Americans during the past few years. Not only in Eastern Canada has the price of lands increased, but in Western Canada, during the past few weeks, farm lands have increased from three to five dollars an acre, with the prospect of a similar advance during the next three months. The reason for this is very apparent, and in a few words it may be pointed out that the lands are worth a great deal more than the present prices. The Northwestern Agriculturist of Minneapolis, a paper that was one of the first of the American farm papers to discover the real merits of the lands of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, says: "The reciprocity schedule would encourage American farmers to move to Canada, where the virgin soil will produce greater crops of grain with less labor than can be produced in our own farms in the Northwest. The result will be to enhance land values in Canada." This paper is afraid land values in Canada will be enhanced at the expense of land values in the United States. In face of the fact that land values in the United States are increasing the reasoning scarcely holds. The reason for the advance in value of Canadian lands is partly accounted for from the fact, admitted by this paper, that Canada's virgin soil will produce "greater crops of grain with less labor." But that is not the only reason. During the past twelve months 320,000 people have made Canada their home and these are mostly of the farming class. They want farms, and the demand as well as the wealth of the soil is regulating the price. A study of the increase in the acreage of land put under crop last year, which can be had from any Canadian government representative, will prove the point, that the demand is increasing at a greater ratio than even the most sanguine would have predicted.

Character Told In Greeting. Joseph Shlms, M. D., in "Physiology Illustrated," says: "The man who gives you a warm, cordial, hearty grasp, looks you straight in the face, with a pleasant, open smile, and shakes your hand up and down, withdrawing his after a second earnest gentle pressure, is almost without an exception an honest, earnest and true friend. The man who gives you the wagging, horizontal, mill hopper shake, and lets slip your hand as if it were greasy or oily, will almost certainly be found to be a selfish, cunning and deceitful man, ready to sell you the moment he can realize a dollar."

Shop Talk. The Customer (quite seriously)—An' how's your liver today, sor? The Butcher—Fine and dandy, Mrs. Flaherty—and only 15 cents a pound!

Garfield Tea contains no harmful drugs. Composed of Herbs, it is an ideal laxative.

It is the doing, not the saying, that makes the hero.

MILLIONS OF FAMILIES are using SYRUP OF FIGS and ELIXIR OF SENNA

FOR COLDS AND HEADACHES, INDIGESTION AND SOUR STOMACH, GAS AND FERMENTATION, CONSTIPATION AND BILIOUSNESS, WITH MOST SATISFACTORY RESULTS.

NOTE THE NAME CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. IN THE CIRCLE ON EVERY PACKAGE OF THE GENUINE

THE WONDERFUL POPULARITY OF THE GENUINE SYRUP OF FIGS AND ELIXIR OF SENNA HAS LED UNSCRUPULOUS MANUFACTURERS TO OFFER IMITATIONS, IN ORDER TO MAKE A LARGER PROFIT AT THE EXPENSE OF THEIR CUSTOMERS. IF A DEALER ASKS WHICH SIZE YOU WISH, OR WHAT MAKE YOU WISH, WHEN YOU ASK FOR SYRUP OF FIGS AND ELIXIR OF SENNA, HE IS PREPARING TO DECEIVE YOU. TELL HIM THAT YOU WISH THE GENUINE, MANUFACTURED BY THE CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. ALL RELIABLE DRUGGISTS KNOW THAT THERE IS BUT ONE GENUINE AND THAT IT IS MANUFACTURED BY THE CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. ONLY

NOTE THE NAME CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. PRINTED STRAIGHT ACROSS, NEAR THE BOTTOM, AND IN THE CIRCLE, NEAR THE TOP OF EVERY PACKAGE, OF THE GENUINE ONE SIZE ONLY. FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS. REGULAR PRICE 50c PER BOTTLE.

SYRUP OF FIGS AND ELIXIR OF SENNA IS ESPECIALLY ADAPTED TO THE NEEDS OF LADIES AND CHILDREN, AS IT IS MILD AND PLEASANT, GENTLE AND EFFECTIVE, AND ABSOLUTELY FREE FROM OBJECTIONABLE INGREDIENTS. IT IS EQUALLY BENEFICIAL FOR WOMEN AND FOR MEN YOUNG AND OLD. FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS. ALWAYS BUY THE GENUINE.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG COMPANY, Quincy, Ill.

A Budding Star. "The teacher informs me that Mary Anderson Wombat has considerable dramatic talent."

"That's what. Why, that girl can't recite the multiplication table without making the most elegant gestures."

It is not the quality of the meat but the cheerfulness of the guests which makes the feast.—Lord Clarendon.

Garfield Tea, Herb remedy, overcomes constipation, indigestion and sickheadache.

Man's best possession is a sympathetic wife.—Euripides.

900 DROPS
CASTORIA
ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. **NOT NARCOTIC.**
Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed—
Aloes—
Sulphate of Soda—
Syrup of Marshmallows—
Glycerine—
Castor Oil—
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
J. C. F. Fitch
THE CENTAUR COMPANY,
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DROPS—35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Food and Drug Act.
Exact Copy of Wrapper.

SPHON'S
DISTEMPER
For Pink Eye, Eptzootic Shipping Fever & Catarrhal Fever
Sure cure and positive preventive, no matter how horses may be infected or how long they have been suffering. Liquid given on the tongue, acts on the blood, expels the poisonous germs from the body. Cures Distemper in Dogs and Sheep and Cholera in Poultry. Largest selling live stock remedy. Cures La Grippe among human beings and is the kidney remedy. 50c and \$1 a bottle. 10 and 15c a dozen. Cut this out. Keep it. Show to your druggist, who will get it for you. Free Booklet, "Distemper, Causes and Cures." Special Agents wanted.
Chemists and Bacteriologists GOSHEN, IND., U. S. A.
SPHON MEDICAL CO.

Don't Persecute your Bowels
Cut out cathartics and purgatives. They are brutal—harsh—unpleasant. Try
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS
Purely vegetable. Act gently on the liver, eliminate bile, and soothe the delicate membrane of the bowels. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache and Indigestion, as millions know.
Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price
Genuine must bear Signature
Beaumont
Make Your Own Will Lawyers' fees unaccountable. Get a "Will-Form" mailed for \$1.00. Dept. 888 "Safety-Will-Form Co.", Philadelphia, Pa.
W. N. U., CHICAGO, NO. 16-1911.

Loss of Appetite

Which is so common in the spring or upon the return of warm weather, is loss of vitality, vigor or tone, and is often a forerunner of prostrating disease.

It is serious and especially so to people that must keep up and doing or get behindhand.

The best medicine to take for it is the great constitutional remedy

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Which purifies and enriches the blood and builds up the whole system.

Get it today in usual liquid form or chocolate tablets called Sarsatabs.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of
Charles H. Fitch
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

60 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE
Advance. You can
Become Rich
by cattle raising, dairying, mixed farming and grain growing in the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. Free homestead and pre-emption areas, as well as land held by railway and land companies will provide homes for millions.
Adaptable soil, beautiful climate, splendid schools and churches, good railroads. For settlers' rates, descriptive literature "Last Best West" how to reach the country and other particulars, write to Bureau of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to the Canadian Government Agent.
G. J. Beagles, 115 Berkeley St., Bldg., Chicago, W. H. Rogers, 14 West Superior Terminal Bldg., Indianapolis, Ind. A. Hall, 125 2nd St., Milwaukee, Wis.

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Farms, Ranches, City Property merchandise and patents, DIRECT FROM THE OWNER, and save paying agent's commission. For a short time for 25 cents we will furnish the largest and only direct list of property ever furnished, including names and addresses of owners, location and description of property. The DIRECT BUYERS' ASSOCIATION, Dallas, Tex.

WE WANT TO CORRESPOND with live real estate men. We are in a new and growing country where good farm lands can be bought cheap and on easy terms. We have a liberal commission. We also have on hand a carefully selected list of first mortgage loans, setting interest 6%. We pay brokerage. For further particulars and advertising matter, write Farmers & Merchants Bank, Land Department, Northern Investment Company, Williston, North Dakota.

LAND BARGAINS—\$150 nice level lot, near new steel plant, easy payment, exp. Answer now. \$2000 100 acres fine land, wheat belt, North Dakota. Would exchange. \$300 100 acres, improved farming land, \$500 cash, balance satisfactory terms. Write for our list. Reference, First National Bank. Locker-Dunham Company, Duluth, Minn.

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CHADS, CALGARY, CANADA. 23 Mackle Block. Write now for sale, a good buy in farms within a few miles of Calgary, Alberta. Also a very good west end subdivision by close to city limits on the Big Horn River. Or Mortgage our specialty. Calgary has recently doubled its population.

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AMONG THE BEST investments are bank stocks. We have excellent offering, small lot, stock country bank this country at par. Write for information. H. P. Dew, Blackburg, B. C.

RURAL NEWS ITEMS

HICKORY

Mr. Christopher Webb is ill.

O. L. Hollenbeck has been on the sick list.

Mr. Otto Winker and Lady friend spent Sunday with Mrs. D. B. Webb.

Frazier and Harmon Hollenbeck spent Easter with their Grandma Hollenbeck.

A good attendance at church Sunday afternoon every one invited to come again.

Frank Kennedy was elected school director Saturday evening for Hickory school.

Mr. Mort Savage left Tuesday evening for Eagle River Wis., to remain for some time.

RUSSELL

Kelly and McCann gave a dance Easter Monday night.

G. A. Siver is suffering with an attack of rheumatism.

Miss Barbara Chase visited over Easter at Milwaukee.

T. Lyman Newell is spending the week with his son at Zion City.

Morton Murray was sick and unable to attend work this week, but is much improved.

T. C. Edwards and family of Rosecrans spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Edwards.

Mrs. Godfrey of Grayslake, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. G. P. McNamara, of this place.

G. P. McNamara, J. H. Kelly and M. McCann are the proud possessors of new Ford automobiles.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Murrie entertained Mr. and Mrs. Alex Murrie of Waukegan over Easter.

Mrs. Bonner was remembered by her many friends and relatives on Easter with a birthday postal shower.

COULDN'T GET BEST OF HIM

How One of the Old-Time Yankee Peddlers Made a Trade in a Southern Town.

The genuine Yankee peddler passed out of existence with the creation of the "notion store," but he was a most interesting character, astonishingly "sharp," and frequently amusing. One such appeared in a general store in a southern town on one occasion, deposited his pack on the floor, and remarked to the merchant:

"I guess I couldn't drive a trade with you, colonel?"

"I reckon you calculate just about right!" was the decided reply of the merchant, who had "had dealings" with Yankee peddlers on previous occasions. "Get out!"

"O, well, don't get riled up—no harm done. Now, just look at this dozen genuine razor strops, easy worth three dollars—let you have 'em for two dollars, colonel."

"I wouldn't touch any of your trash—you get out!" the merchant declared. "Well, now, colonel, I always like to do some business in a place. Tell you what—I'll bet you five dollars that if you make me an offer for them strops, we'll make a trade."

"I'll go you," said the merchant, "and," he added, when the stakes had been put up, "I'll give you a quarter for the strops!"

"They're yours, colonel!" said the Yankee, pocketing the wager.

FEEDING NOT VERY SIMPLE

Cheerful Company at a Meal and Enticing Food Are Decided Helps to Digestion.

Robust people, so long as they get what suits their own uncultivated taste, are apt to make very light of what they call "fancies" about food, and overlook their real importance. Feeding on the part of civilized man is not the simple procedure which it is with animals, although many animals are particular as to their food and what is called "daintiness." The necessity for civilized man of cheerful company at his meal and for the absence of mental anxiety is universally recognized, as well as the importance of an inviting appeal to the appetite through the sense of smell and of sight, while the injurious effect of the reverse conditions, which may lead to nausea and even vomiting, is admitted.

Even the ceremonial features of the dinner table, the change of clothes, the leisurely yet precise succession of approved and expected dishes, accompanied by pleasant talk and light-hearted companionship, are shown by strict scientific examination to be important aids to the healthy digestion of food, which need not be large in quantity, because wisely presented.—London Telegraph.

MILLBURN

There will be no Ladies Aid society for April.

Mission study class met with Mrs. Geo Jamieson Thursday.

Miss Josephine Eddy spent Saturday and Sunday with her parents.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo Clark moved to the farm known as the Park farm.

Mr. Asa Patch of Russell visited his sister Mrs. Earnest Wells Sunday.

Miss Lewis of Waukegan visited Miss C. E. Bate Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. Wm. Thom of Libertyville spent a few days with his son W. G. Thom.

Miss Annie McCredie visited the home folks from Thursday until Sunday.

The C. E. Society will give a box social in the Church parlor Friday evening April 21.

Olin Cleveland of Chicago was home for several days and returned Friday very much better.

Mrs. A. W. Safford left Tuesday for Chicago and Wheaton to spend a week with her children.

School meeting at the Hoekaday school Saturday elected Dr. H. E. Jamieson, as school director.

Mrs. Wm. White of Antioch spent Sunday in this vicinity and attended the Easter services.

Good for Busy Man.

A letter opened, mail scale and six-inch rule have been combined in a handy desk implement.

HOW TO READ SHAKESPEARE

Suggested Trains of Thought Ought to Rise Above Reader's Version of Author.

You talk about reading Shakespeare, using him as an expression for the highest intellect, and you wonder that any common person should be so presumptuous as to suppose his thought can rise above the text which lies before him. But think a moment. A child's reading of Shakespeare is one thing and Coleridge's or Schlegel's reading of him is another. The saturation point of each mind differs from that of every other. But I think it is as true for the small mind, which can only take up a little, as for the great one, which takes up much, that the suggested trains of thought and feeling ought always to rise above—not the author, but the reader's mental version of the author, whoever he may be.

I think most readers of Shakespeare sometimes find themselves thrown into exalted mental conditions like those produced by music. Then they may drop the book, to pass at once into the region of thought without words. We may happen to be very dull folks, you and I, and probably are, unless there is some particular reason to suppose the contrary. But we get glimpses now and then of a sphere of spiritual possibilities where we, dull as we are now, may sail in vast circles round the largest compass of earthly intelligence.

Soot Hint.

When soot blows all over your best loved rug or carpet, before moving around in the room throw cornmeal on the floor, starting on a spot where there is no soot, and the cornmeal being heavy, lifts the soot and blows it ahead of the broom and can be swept off without leaving a trace.

Certified Songster.

Prima Donna—I have here a certificate from a doctor to the effect that I can't sing tonight. Manager—Why go to all that trouble? I'll give you a certificate that you never could sing.

RESULT OF ELECTION IN CITIES AND VILLAGES OF LAKE COUNTY

(Continued from first page)

Ticket By Petition.
For President
James Hayek.....27
For Trustees
Christopher Wichman.....54
Citizens' Ticket

For Trustee
S. W. Schulz.....35
Wichman and Dailey tied with a vote of 54 each and in drawing lots, Dailey won out, thus giving a complete victory to the independent ticket.

Grayslake

For President
F. D. Battershall.....
For Trustees
W. H. Branstetter.....89
Otto Waldman.....79
E. V. Harvey.....75
W. H. Smith.....74
W. D. Raffle.....45

Libertyville

Peoples' Ticket
For President
Robert Schmedle.....251
For Trustees
F. F. Cleveland.....244
A. R. Mack.....207
J. R. Mulholland.....244

Citizens' Ticket
For President
B. H. Kizer.....179
For Trustees
Robert D. Higgins.....183
E. E. Ellsworth.....221
R. C. Osborne.....185

Latest Thing in Clubs.

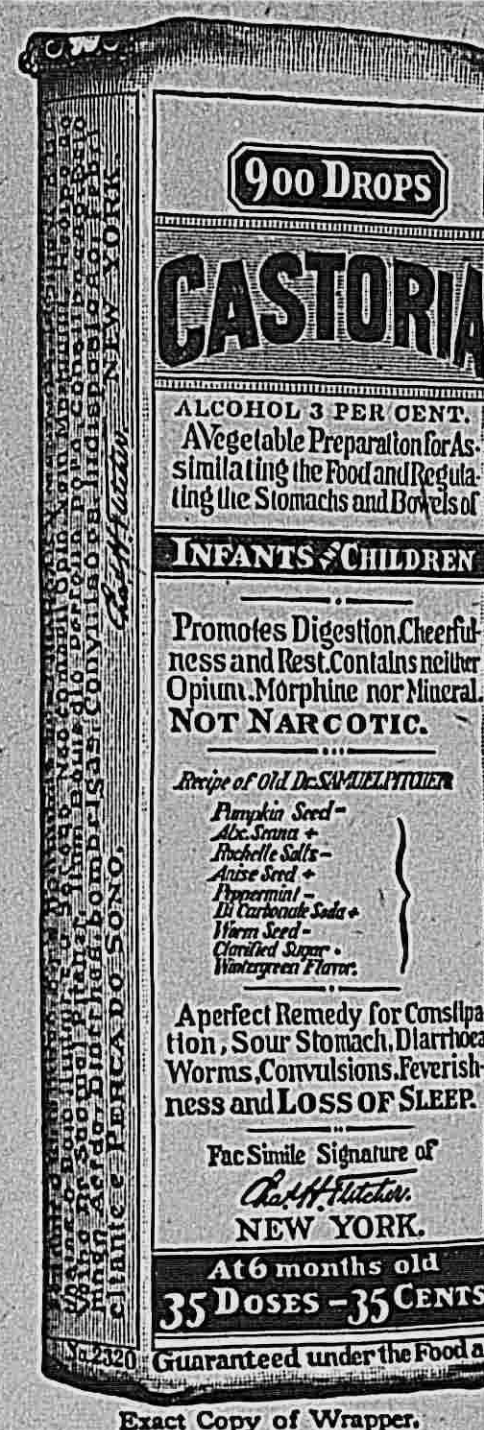
"Never again!" This is the motto of a novel club recently organized in Trenton, N. J., in which only persons who have previously attempted to commit suicide are entitled to membership. The club began its existence with forty members.

Agricultural Education.

The young farmer who cuts out agricultural education from his life program will see his mistake by and by. Who ever met a graduate of a good farm college who wishes he had kept at work instead of taking a course of special study and training?

Movement of the Air.

The movement of air is variously designated, according to its velocity, as a zephyr, breeze, wind, gale or hurricane. With fog the designations are mist, slight, moderate or thick. A dense or thick fog, according to the weather bureau, obscures objects at a distance of 1,000 feet.



CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA

Truth in a Nutshell.
As Puck said, "What fools these mortals be!" If there were no fools there would be no rogues, just as if there were no filth there would be no flies, and if there were no swamps there would be no mosquitoes.

Sermon by the Deacon.
"Girls whose grandmothers used to get outdoors and boil a big iron kettle full of maple syrup or soft soap," says Deacon Palmer, "think they are doing something when they can roast a marshmallow in a chafin dish."—Atlanta Constitution.

Knew His Place.
Bach—"Confess, now, Henry—you don't pay as much attention to your wife as you did before you were married?" H. Peck—"I ord, yes! I mind twice as quick now."—Toledo Blade.

On the Eligible List.
"So you think that Baron Fucash is likely to propose to me?" said the beautiful heiress. "Yes," replied Mrs. Cumrox. "I think there is a probability. You see, his creditors are pressing him and he's got to propose to somebody."

Russia's Supply of Paper.
Russia is more or less dependent upon Finland for its paper supply, partly because of the Finnish manufacturers' free use of improved machinery and the application of late discoveries in chemistry.

Whiskers.
"Although you have refused to be my wife, don't you think you could learn to love?" "Well, I might. I once learned to like spinach."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Shoes AND Oxfords

We have just received our spring line of shoes and oxfords, the largest and most complete line ever carried here in Antioch

Men's Oxfords Boys' Oxfords
Ladies' Oxfords Misses' Oxfords
Youths' and Children's Oxfords
Infants' Oxfords

IN BLACK OR TAN

GIVE US A CALL BEFORE YOU BUY

J. R. CRIBB

Successor to H. A. Wienke

City Shoe Store Antioch, Illinois

ANTIOCH ICE CREAM FACTORY

Is Now Open For Business

We have been manufacturing Ice Cream in Antioch for the past five years and have many satisfied customers who testify to the purity of our cream.

Give us a trial order

and let us count you one of our satisfied customers.

Our ice cream is made from cream furnished by the Antioch creamery and is first class.

Don't send out of town

for your ice cream when you can purchase the BEST here.

A full line of California oranges, fruits of all kinds, candies, nuts, tobacco and cigars

C. CALUGI

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS

Special Display of Pretty Wearables for Little Tots

The dainty little coats and dresses shown for Spring and Summer are kinds the little ones like to wear. The styles reflect the latest fashion in women's wearing apparel; dull colors with pretty touches of bright colored trimming give the daintiest effects. The comfort and wearing qualities are more carefully looked after than ever.

We would consider it a favor to be allowed to show you these pretty Children's things, for we know you will enjoy their beauty.

Pretty Little Straw Hats that are trimmed with cloth flowers or pretty ribbon in light color, unusual value at.....39c

Another Pretty Straw Hat trimmed with plain light blue ribbon an inch and a half wide, the straw of extra fine quality, special at....98c

Sailor Hats that the little boys and girls like to wear to play in, wide rim, trimmed with ribbon, each.....49c

Hoods of Swiss and straw, priced from 49c up. One pretty hood with lace edge, lace frill in front, embroidered, long ties, for.....\$1.25

Bibs—Honey combed and lace edged for 5c, quilted bibs for 25c, hand embroidered bibs for 50c up to \$1.50

Infants' Coats of white, long or short ones, deep collars, hand embroidered on front and on collars and cuffs, some perfectly plain, priced from \$2.98 up to \$5.00

Little Child's Night Gowns open and buttoned, 29c, 50c and 85c

Underwear—Rubin's shirts for infants, size 1 for 45c up to size 6 for 65c. Infant Bands of wool for 50c. Collon bands for 25c, and part wool bands for 35c

Pretty Coats made of black silk, some with deep lace collar, others with turn down collar, two rows of white pearl buttons in front, each for.....\$4.50

Pongee Coats with turn down collar trimmed with blue silk and braid, buttons down front of coat to match material, roomy style of medium length.....\$3.98

Linen Rep Coats with collar, embroidered edge down front, cuffs and on collar, each.....\$2.98

A Pretty Hood made of Fancy Weave Straw, trimmed in front with ribbon and flowers, long ribbon ties.....\$1.50

Stockings—Wool stockings for 25c a pair. Colored mercerized cotton stockings, 25c a pair. Black cotton 25c

Stork Pants for 50c a pair.

Rubber Diapers each 25c,

Diaper Cloth—In 10 yard bolts 18 inches wide for 75c; 22 inches wide for 85c

Patterns—Ladies' Home Journal patterns will help in the making of many pretty things for the little ones! Embroidery designs included in the patterns. The Quarterly Style Book and the free Monthly Style Book have many new and simple ideas and designs that mothers will do well to see.

WASHINGTON STREET

GENESEE STREET

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WAUKEGAN ILLINOIS